FORMOSA LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Formosa Laboratories, Inc.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Formosa Laboratories, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and

appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Company's 2023 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Company's 2023 consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

#### **Key audit matter - inventory valuation**

#### **Description**

Refer to Note 4(13) for accounting policy on inventory valuation, Note 6(6) for details of inventory, and Note 5(1) for uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions in relation to inventory valuation.

The Group is primarily engaged in the manufacturing and sales of active pharmaceutical ingredients. Due to the intensely competitive market and the restriction of expiry date of active pharmaceutical ingredients, there is a higher risk in loss on decline in market value of expired or obsolete inventories. As the determination of impairment of inventories involves subjective judgement and estimation uncertainty and considering that the amount of inventories is significant to the financial statements, we identified the inventory valuation as a key audit matter.

#### How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures in relation to the above key audit matter:

A. Obtained an understanding of the Group's operations and industry, assessed the reasonableness of the accounting policy in recognising the allowance for inventory valuation losses, and ascertained whether the accounting policy was applied

- consistently for both periods.
- B. Obtained the net realisable value report of inventories, reviewed the calculation logic used and tested related parameters, including sales and purchase data files and other resource data.
- C. Obtained the expiry information date of each inventory item, checked against related supporting documents, and assessed the reasonableness of the provision of allowance for loss on inventory decline in market value.
- D. Verified the related documents we gathered during the physical inventory count and performed an inquiry with management and related personnel to verify whether the following have been addressed in the inventory list: a. Slow-moving inventory, b. Inventory that is over certain age, and c. Significant amount of damaged inventory.

### **Key audit matter - Impairment assessment of investments accounted for using equity method**

#### **Description**

As of December 31, 2023, the amount of the Company's reinvestment in Formosa Pharmaceuticals, Inc. was significant and the reinvestment generated goodwill. Refer to Note 4(18) for details of related accounting policies, and Notes 5(2) and 6(9) for uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions in relation to impairment assessment of investments accounted for using equity method.

The Company measured the recoverable amount of cash generating unit by discounting estimated future cash flows of related research and development projects as basis for impairment assessment. As the amount of investments accounted for using equity method was significant and the valuation model adopted by the impairment assessment process belongs to significant accounting estimates, recoverable amount was determined based on projected future cash flows, we considered the impairment assessment of investments accounted for using equity method as a key audit matter.

#### How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures in relation to the above key audit matter:

- A. Obtained an understanding of the estimation process of projected cash flows to ascertain whether it was in agreement with the budget of the investee.
- B. Obtained the appraisal report of appraisers who were appointed by the management and performed the following audit procedures:
  - (1) Assessed whether the valuation model was reasonably matched with its industry, environment and assets to be valued.
  - (2) Compared the expected growth rate and net operating interest rate used in the estimation of future cash flows with historical result, economic documents and other external data.
  - (3) Assessed the discount rate used and compared with capital cost assumption of cashgenerating units and return rates of similar assets.
- C. Confirmed and measured the recoverable amount of cash-generating units by discounting estimated future cash flows to determine whether the recoverable amount exceeds the book value.

### Other matter - Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion on the parent company only financial statements of Formosa Laboratories, Inc. as at and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

## Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including supervisors, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of

internal control.

- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Yen, Yu-Fang Teng, Sheng-wei

For and on Behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan March 12, 2024

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

# FORMOSA LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	A4	N-4		December 31, 2023 AMOUNT			December 31, 2022 AMOUNT	
	Assets Current assets	Notes		AMOUNT			AMOUNT	<u>%</u>
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	1,526,013	11	\$	1,279,462	10
1110	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2) and 8	Ψ	1,520,015	11	Ψ	1,277,402	10
1110	profit or loss - current	0(2) und 0		153,065	1		197,519	2
1136	Financial assets at amortised cost -	6(4)		133,003	1		157,517	2
1150	current	0(1)		831,410	6		153,550	1
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5)		948,175	7		798,849	6
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties	7		11,834	,		13,628	-
1200	Other receivables	,		63,325	_		14,590	_
1210	Other receivables - related parties	7		28	_		27	_
1220	Current income tax assets			1,090	_		33	_
130X	Inventory	6(6)		1,597,467	12		1,601,672	13
1410	Prepayments			109,244	1		89,488	1
1470	Other current assets			2,015	-		2,242	-
11XX	Total current assets			5,243,666	38		4,151,060	33
	Non-current assets			- , ,			.,,	
1510	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2) and 8						
	profit or loss - non-current	( )		1,808,766	13		2,177,551	17
1517	Financial assets at fair value through	6(3)		-,,			_,,	
	other comprehensive income - non-							
	current			121,269	1		61,479	_
1550	Investments accounted for under	6(7)		,			,	
	equity method	. ,		19,808	_		15,425	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(8) and 8		6,025,139	44		5,875,256	46
1755	Right-of-use assets			42,537	_		43,325	_
1780	Intangible assets	6(9)		204,431	2		222,929	2
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(28)		85,154	1		97,189	1
1900	Other non-current assets	6(8)(10) and 8		85,421	1		106,499	1
15XX	Total non-current assets			8,392,525	62		8,599,653	67
1XXX	Total assets		\$	13,636,191	100	\$	12,750,713	100

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# FORMOSA LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes	AMOUNT		%		
	Current liabilities		 _			_	
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(12) and 8	\$ 1,434,000	11	\$	1,449,666	11
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(13)	99,959	1		49,909	-
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(22)	174,875	1		55,775	1
2150	Notes payable		1,017	-		1,017	-
2170	Accounts payable		202,109	1		186,473	2
2200	Other payables	6(14)	653,159	5		584,625	5
2220	Other payables - related parties	7	2,636	-		-	-
2230	Current income tax liabilities		98,702	1		141,374	1
2280	Current lease liabilities		23,358	-		22,093	-
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(15) and 8	448,784	3		619,017	5
2399	Other current liabilities	9	 102,792	1		31,700	
21XX	Total current liabilities		3,241,391	24		3,141,649	25
	Non-current liabilities		 		-		
2520	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	- 6(11) and 7					
	non-current		61,410	1		61,420	1
2527	Contract liabilities - non-current	6(22)	18,227	-		16,989	-
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(15) and 8	2,037,897	15		1,637,756	13
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(28)	24,303	-		24,634	-
2580	Non-current lease liabilities		19,391	-		21,436	-
2600	Other non-current liabilities	9	23,371	_		50,556	-
25XX	Total non-current liabilities		 2,184,599	16	-	1,812,791	14
2XXX	Total liabilities		 5,425,990	40		4,954,440	39
	Equity attributable to owners of		 <u> </u>			<u> </u>	
	parent						
	Share capital	1 and 6(18)					
3110	Common stock		1,202,560	9		1,202,560	9
	Capital surplus	6(17)(19)					
3200	Capital surplus		3,552,070	26		3,514,488	27
	Retained earnings	6(20)					
3310	Legal reserve		485,958	3		444,979	4
3320	Special reserve		54,984	-		20	-
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings		2,269,213	17		2,364,300	19
	Other equity interest	6(21)					
3400	Other equity interest		6,167	-	(	5,703)	-
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of						
	the parent		7,570,952	55		7,520,644	59
	Non-controlling interest	4(3)	639,249	5		275,629	2
36XX			8,210,201	60		7,796,273	61
36XX 3XXX	Total equity		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	• •	9					
	Significant Contingent Liabilities and	9					
	• •	9					
	Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognised Contract Commitments						

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# FORMOSA LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amount)

			Year ended December 31					
				2023		2022		
Items		Notes		AMOUNT	% 	AMOUNT	%	
4000	Sales revenue	6(22) and 7	\$	4,360,448	100 \$	3,765,504	100	
5000	Operating costs	6(6)(26)(27) and	1					
		7	(	2,437,119)(	56)(	2,375,312)(	63)	
5900	Net operating margin			1,923,329	44	1,390,192	37	
	Operating expenses	6(26)(27) and 7						
6100	Selling expenses		(	187,772)(	4)(	187,120) (	5)	
6200	General and administrative							
	expenses		(	245,173) (	6)(	234,219) (	6)	
6300	Research and development							
	expenses		(	841,872) (	19)(	777,016)(	21)	
6450	Impairment gain (impairment	12(2)						
	loss)			26,463	(	28,348)(	1)	
6000	Total operating expenses		(	1,248,354)(	29)(	1,226,703)(	33)	
6900	Operating profit			674,975	15	163,489	4	
	Non-operating income and							
	expenses							
7100	Interest income	6(23)		23,708	1	2,144	-	
7010	Other income			6,881	-	2,551	-	
7020	Other gains and losses	6(2)(24)	(	534,000) (	12)	176,729	5	
7050	Finance costs	6(25)	(	34,735) (	1)(	19,319)	-	
7060	Share of profit/(loss) of	6(7)						
	associates and joint ventures							
	accounted for under equity							
	method			5,562	<u> </u>	7,587		
7000	Total non-operating income							
	and expenses		(	532,584)(	<u>12</u> )	169,692	5	
7900	Profit before income tax			142,391	3	333,181	9	
7950	Income tax expense	6(28)	(	194,650)(	<u>4</u> )(	116,371)(	3)	
8200	(Loss) profit for the year		(\$	52,259)(	1) \$	216,810	6	

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# FORMOSA LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amount)

				ember 31			
				2023		2022	
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	Other comprehensive income						
	(loss) for the year						
	Components of other						
	comprehensive income that will						
	not be reclassified to profit or loss						
8311	(Losses) gains on	6(17)					
0311	remeasurements of defined	0(17)					
	benefit plans		(\$	6,414)	- \$	531	_
8316	Unrealised gains (losses) from	6(3)	(Ψ	0,111)	Ψ	331	
	investments in equity	<b>、</b> /					
	instruments measured at fair						
	value through other						
	comprehensive income			12,995	- (	53,483) (	2)
8349	Income tax related to	6(30)					
	components of other						
	comprehensive income that will						
	not be reclassified to profit or			1 200		106	
0210	loss			1,283		106)	
8310	Other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be						
	reclassified to profit or loss			7 961	(	52 059) (	2)
	Components of other			7,864	(	53,058) (	<u>2</u> )
	comprehensive income that will						
	be reclassified to profit or loss						
8361	Financial statements translation						
	differences of foreign operations		(	8,428)	- (	3,797)	_
8399	Income tax relating to the	6(28)					
	components of other						
	comprehensive income			909	<u> </u>	370	
8360	Other comprehensive loss that						
	will be reclassified to profit or			<b>= = 1</b> 0:		2 (2=:	
0200	loss		(	7,519)		3,427)	
8300	Total other comprehensive		ď	245	<i>(</i>	EC 10E) (	2)
9500	income (loss) for the year		<u> </u>	345	<u> </u>	56,485)(	<u>2</u> )
8500	Total comprehensive income for the year		(\$	51,914)(	1) \$	160,325	1
	Profit (loss) attributable to:		( <u>⊅</u>	31,914)(	<u> </u>	100,323	4
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	126,243	3 \$	409,359	11
8620	Non-controlling interest		φ (	178,502) (	4)(	192,549) (	<u>5</u> )
0020	Tion controlling merest		(\$	52,259) (	$\frac{\frac{7}{1}}{1}$	216,810	6
	Comprehensive income (loss)		( <u>Ψ</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	210,010	
	attributable to:						
8710	Owners of the parent		\$	132,982	3 \$	354,820	9
8720	Non-controlling interest		(	184,896) (	4)(	194,495) (	<u>5</u> )
	_		(\$	51,914) (	1) \$	160,325	4
	Earnings per share (in dollars)	6(29)					
9750	Basic earnings per share		\$		1.05 \$		3.40
9850	Diluted earnings per share		\$		1.05 \$		3.39

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## FORMOSA LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Equit	y attributable to	owners of	the parent

					Equity att	ributable to owners						
			Capital F	Reserves		Retained Earnings	3	Other Equ	ity Interest			
	Notes	Share capital - common stock	Capital surplus, additional paid-in capital	Capital Surplus, changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
2022												
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 1,202,560	\$ 3,083,576	\$ 419,806	\$ 319,935	\$ 20	\$ 2,320,072	(\$ 8,566)	\$ 57,827	\$ 7,395,230	\$ 206,935	\$ 7,602,165
Profit (loss) for the year		-					409,359	-	<del></del>	409,359	( 192,549 )	216,810
Other comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	-	-	-	425	( 1,481)	( 53,483)	( 54,539)	( 1,946)	( 56,485)
Total comprehensive income (loss)					-		409,784	( 1,481)	( 53,483)	354,820	( 194,495)	160,325
Appropriations of 2021 retained earnings	6(20)											
Legal reserve		-	-	-	125,044	-	( 125,044)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	-	( 240,512)	-	-	( 240,512)	-	( 240,512)
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	6(30)	-	-	9,902	-	-	-	-	-	9,902	261,806	271,708
Amortisation of compensation cost of employee stock options	6(17)	<u>-</u>	<del>_</del>	1,204	<del>_</del> _	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	1,204	1,383	2,587
Balance at December 31, 2022		\$ 1,202,560	\$ 3,083,576	\$ 430,912	\$ 444,979	\$ 20	\$ 2,364,300	(\$ 10,047)	\$ 4,344	\$ 7,520,644	\$ 275,629	\$ 7,796,273
2023					<u> </u>					<u> </u>		
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$ 1,202,560	\$ 3,083,576	\$ 430,912	\$ 444,979	\$ 20	\$ 2,364,300	(\$ 10,047)	\$ 4,344	\$ 7,520,644	\$ 275,629	\$ 7,796,273
Profit (loss) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	126,243	-	-	126,243	( 178,502)	( 52,259)
Other comprehensive income (loss)							(5,131_)	(3,638_)	15,508	6,739	(6,394)	345
Total comprehensive income (loss)							121,112	(3,638_)	15,508	132,982	(184,896)	(51,914_)
Appropriations of 2022 retained earnings	6(20)											
Legal reserve		-	-	-	40,979	-	( 40,979)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve		-	-	-	-	54,964	( 54,964)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	-	( 120,256)	-	-	( 120,256)	-	( 120,256)
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	6(30)	-	-	36,470	-	-	-	-	-	36,470	547,205	583,675
Amortisation of compensation cost of employee stock options	6(17)			1,112	<u>-</u>			<u>-</u> _		1,112	1,311	2,423
Balance at December 31, 2023		\$ 1,202,560	\$ 3,083,576	\$ 468,494	\$ 485,958	\$ 54,984	\$ 2,269,213	(\$ 13,685)	\$ 19,852	\$ 7,570,952	\$ 639,249	\$ 8,210,201

# FORMOSA LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Year ended December 31				
	Notes	•			2022		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Profit before tax		\$	142,391	\$	333,181		
Adjustments		φ	142,391	Ф	333,101		
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)							
Depreciation	6(26)		462,479		442 452		
Amortisation	, ,				442,452		
	6(26)	,	25,850		28,463		
Expected credit impairment (gain) loss	12(2)	(	26,463)		28,348		
Net losses (gains) on financial assets at fair value	6(24)		420 010	,	170 704		
through profit or loss	((25)		428,918	(	178,784		
Interest expense	6(25)	,	34,735	,	19,319		
Interest income	6(23)	(	23,708)	(	2,144		
Compensation cost of employee stock options	6(17)		2,423		2,587		
Share of profit of associates accounted for using	6(7)						
equity method		(	5,562)		7,587		
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(24)	(	88 )	(	51		
Gain from lease modification	6(24)	(	21)	(	24 )		
Expenses transferred from prepayments for equipment	6(8)						
(shown as other non-current assets)			5,049		12,801		
Loss from measurement of contingent consideration	6(24)		34,529		-		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities							
Changes in operating assets							
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			988		263		
Notes receivable			-		2,586		
Accounts receivable		(	122,864)	(	68,342		
Accounts receivable - related parties		,	1,795	(	1,296		
Other payables		(	68,563)	`	14,759		
Other receivables - related parties		(	1)		11		
Inventory		(	4,205		37,525		
Prepayments		(	19,756)	(	9,679		
Other current assets		(	227	(	1,568		
Other current assets Other non-current assets		(	1,251)	(	231		
Changes in operating liabilities		(	1,231)	(	231		
Contract liabilities			02 079	(	26 022		
			93,078	(	36,922		
Notes payable			15 (2)	(	619		
Accounts payable			15,636	(	15,945		
Other payables			45,282		55,842		
Other payables - related parties			2,636		-		
Other current liabilities			1,161		10,948		
Other non-current liabilities			6,524		11,294		
Cash inflow generated from operations			1,039,629		680,323		
Interest received			21,961		2,144		
Interest paid (excluding interest capitalization)		(	30,799)	(	17,734		
Income taxes paid		(	204,191)	(	21,647		
Net cash flows from operating activities			826,600		643,086		

(Continued)

# FORMOSA LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Year ended De			ecember 31		
	Notes		2023	2022			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit							
or loss		\$	-	(\$	14,976)		
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value							
through profit or loss			7,333		142,756		
Acquisition of financial assets at amortised cost		(	832,732)	(	158,750)		
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at amortised							
cost			158,750		-		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(31)	(	476,942)	(	380,940)		
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(9)	(	1,978)	(	1,553)		
Prepayments for equipment (shown as other non-current	6(8)						
assets)		(	61,586)	(	57,489)		
Prepayments for investments (shown as other non-current							
assets)		(	52,025)	(	38,895)		
Decrease (increase) in guarantee deposits paid			1,601	(	1,099)		
Share of profit of associates accounted for using equity							
method dividends received			65		45		
Acquisition of subsidiaries			-	(	29,871)		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			88		51		
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(	1,257,426)	(	540,721)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
(Decrease) increase in short-term loans	6(32)	(	15,666)		432,278		
Increase (decrease) in short-term notes and bills payable	6(32)		50,050	(	110,030)		
Proceeds from long-term debt	6(32)		4,037,800		3,396,000		
Repayments of long-term debt (including current portion)	6(32)	(	3,807,892)	(	3,331,080)		
Payments of lease liabilities	6(32)	(	27,567)	(	28,809)		
Increase in financial liabilities at amortised cost	6(11)		-		58,390		
Cash dividends paid	6(20)	(	120,256)	(	240,512)		
Subsidiary cash increase and employee stock options	6(30)		583,675		271,708		
Net cash flows from financing activities			700,144		447,945		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash							
equivalents		(	22,767)	(	383)		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			246,551		549,927		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			1,279,462		729,535		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	1,526,013	\$	1,279,462		

# FORMOSA LABORATORIES, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

#### 1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

Formosa Laboratories, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Law of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) in December 1995 and started its operations in the same year. The Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are primarily engaged in the wholesale and manufacturing of active pharmaceutical ingredients.

On June 6, 2008, in order to strengthen operational efficiency, enlarge operation scale and minimize management costs, the Company's shareholders resolved to merge with L. C. United Chemical Corporation, effective July 1, 2008, with the Company as the surviving company. L. C. United Chemical Corporation was incorporated in Luzhu Dist., Taoyuan County in July 1984 and is primarily engaged in the manufacturing and sales of ultraviolet absorbers.

After the merger, the Company is primarily engaged in the manufacturing and sales of active pharmaceutical ingredients, including medical active pharmaceutical ingredients and ultraviolet absorbers. The Company's shares were listed in the Taiwan Stock Exchange starting from March 1, 2011. As of December 31, 2023, the Company's authorised capital and paid-in capital were \$1,600,000 and \$1,202,560, respectively, with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share.

## 2. THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 12, 2024.

#### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS®") Accounting Standards that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2023 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'International tax reform - pillar two model	May 23, 2023
rules'	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

## (2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and will become effective from 2024 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-	January 1, 2024
current'	
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7, 'Supplier finance arrangements'	January 1, 2024

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

#### (3) IFRS Accounting Standards issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 –	January 1, 2023
comparative information'	
Amendments to IAS 21, 'Lack of exchangeability'	January 1, 2025

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC® Interpretations, and SIC® Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

#### (2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
  - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
  - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets measured at fair value.
  - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC® Interpretations, and SIC® Interpretations that came into effect endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

#### (3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
  - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
  - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between

- companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
- (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.

#### B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Ownership (%)		
		Main business	December 31,	December 31,	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	activities	2023	2022	Description
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc.	Research and development of new biotechnology medicine	45.84	46.55	Notes 1 and 2
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	EPIONE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.	Research and development of new biotechnology medicine	100	100	
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	Epione Investment Cayman Limited	Medicine, chemical trade and investment business	100	100	
Epione Investment Cayman Limited	Epione Investment HK Limited	Medicine, chemical trade and investment business	100	100	
Epione Investment HK Limited	Shanghai Epione Eenterprise Co., Ltd.	Wholesale and import and export of chemical raw materials and products and commission agency	100	100	
Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc.	Activus Pharma.Co., Ltd.	Research and development of new biotechnology medicine	99.23	99.23	

- Note 1: In the second half of 2023, because Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc.'s employees gradually exercised share options, the Group's shareholding ratio in Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc. decreased to 45.84%. Refer to Note 6(30).
- Note 2: On December 31, 2023, although the Company's equity interest held in Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc. did not exceed 50%, the Company was its single major shareholder and conducted its relevant activities, which met the controlling factor in paragraph 7 of IFRS 10, 'Consolidated Financial Statements'. Accordingly, Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc. was included in the consolidated financial statements.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group:

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the non-controlling interest amounted to \$639,249 and \$275,629, respectively. The information on non-controlling interest and respective subsidiaries is as follows:

		 Non-controlling interest				
		 December 31, 2023			December	31, 2022
Name of	Principal place		Ownership			Ownership
subsidiary	of business	 Amount	(%)		Amount	(%)
Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc.	Taiwan	\$ 639,249	54.16%	\$	275,629	53.45%

Summarised financial information of the subsidiaries:

Balance sheets

		Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc.					
	December 31, 2023		Dece	mber 31, 2022			
Current assets	\$	1,288,330	\$	456,314			
Non-current assets		438,451		421,593			
Current liabilities	(	257,979)	(	69,568)			
Non-current liabilities	(	328,232)	(	340,941)			
Total net assets	<u>\$</u>	1,140,570	\$	467,398			

#### Statements of comprehensive income

	Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc.				
		Year ended l	Decemb	er 31	
	2023		2022		
Revenue	\$	31,172	\$	1,315	
Loss before income tax	(\$	300,065)	(\$	406,593)	
Income tax (expense) benefit	(	21,862)		424	
Loss for the year	(	321,927)	(	406,169)	
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(	11,824)	(	3,631)	
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(\$	333,751)	(\$	409,800)	
Comprehensive loss attributable to non-					
controlling interest	( <u>\$</u>	25)	( <u>\$</u>	75)	

#### Statements of cash flows

Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc.					
Year ended December 31					
	2023		2022		
(\$	196,038) (	(\$	346,150)		
(	676,214) (		188,641)		
	999,877		558,863		
(	10,258)		34,349		
	117,367		58,421		
	267,338		208,917		
\$	384,705	\$	267,338		
	(\$ (	Year ended D 2023 (\$ 196,038) ( 676,214) ( 999,877 ( 10,258) 117,367 267,338	Year ended December 2023 (\$ 196,038) (\$ ( 676,214) ( 999,877) ( 10,258) 117,367 267,338		

Earman Dharmanuticals Inc

#### (4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

#### A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.

- (c) The translation differences of non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were parts of gains or losses on fair value. For those non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

#### B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities and associates that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
  - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
  - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
  - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (b) Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

#### (5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
  - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
  - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
  - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;

- (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
- (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
- (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

#### (6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

#### (7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. Financial assets at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are designated as at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition when they eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- D. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### (8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value. The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the

amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### (9) Financial liabilities at amortised cost

The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (10) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (11) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

#### (12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

#### (13) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

#### (14) <u>Investments accounted for using equity method</u> / <u>subsidiaries and associates</u>

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognised at cost.
- B. The Company's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. When the Company's share of losses in an associate equals or

exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses. If the company provided endorsement/guarantee and loans to associates or intends to continuously support the investee, the Company shall continue to recognise losses in proportion to its ownership.

#### (15) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures	2 to 50 years
Machinery and equipment	2 to 20 years
Utilities equipment	7 to 20 years
Testing equipment	2 to 13 years
Pollution-prevention equipment	5 to 15 years
Office equipment	2 to 20 years
Leasehold improvements	3 to 15 years
Other equipment	2 to 20 years

#### (16) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessee) — right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities</u>

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments

are comprised of fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable and variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate. The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
  - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
  - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date; and
  - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee;

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

#### (17) Intangible assets

- A. Computer software is stated at cost and amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of 3-10 years.
- B. Special technology is stated initially at cost and amortised using the straight-line method over its estimated economic service life of 14~20 years.
- C. Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

#### (18) Impairment of non-financial assets

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.
- B. The recoverable amount of goodwill is evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination.

#### (19) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

#### (20) Accounts and notes payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (21) Financial liabilities at fair value through loss

- A. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are designated as at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition:
  - (a) Hybrid (combined) contracts; or
  - (b) They eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
  - (c) They are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management policy.
- B. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial liabilities at fair value. All related transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures these financial liabilities at fair value with any gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

#### (22) <u>Derecognition of financial liabilities</u>

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### (23) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### (24) Employee benefits

#### A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

#### B. Pensions

#### (a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when

they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

#### (b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.
- ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.

#### C. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates.

#### (25) Employee share-based payment

For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date, and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-market vesting conditions.

Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognised is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest. The aforementioned grant date of share-based payment agreement is the date when the acquisition price and number of shares were confirmed.

#### (26) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively

enacted at the balance sheet date. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.

- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities.

#### (27) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### (28) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Group's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Group's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities.

#### (29) Revenue recognition

#### A. Sales of goods

- (a) The Group manufactures and sells active pharmaceutical ingredients and ultraviolet absorber. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- (b) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

#### B. Research and development revenue

The Group provides research and development of medicine and related services. Revenue from providing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. The revenue from fixed price contract is recognised based on the percentage of the actual services provided as of the balance sheet date to the total services to be provided under the contract. The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule. If the services rendered exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognised. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognised.

#### C. Revenue from licencing intellectual property

The Group entered into a licensing of intellectual property contract with a customer to grant a license of patents to the customer. If the license can be distinct from other promised goods or services in the contract, the Group recognises the revenue from licensing when the license transfer to a customer either at a point in time or over time based on the nature of the license granted. The nature of the Group's promise in granting a license is a promise to provide a right to access the Group's intellectual property if the Group undertakes activities that significantly affect the patents to which the customer has rights, the customer is affected by the Group's activities and those activities do not result in the transfer of a good or a service to the customer as they occur. The royalties are recognised as revenue on a straight-line basis throughout the licensing period. In case the abovementioned conditions are not met, the nature of the Group's promise in granting a license is a promise to provide a right to use the Group's intellectual property and therefore the revenue is recognised when transferring the license to a customer at a point in time.

#### (30) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Group's chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

## 5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u>

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. The Group had no significant accounting judgement in relation to the adoption of accounting policies. In addition, the details of significant accounting estimates and assumption uncertainty are as follows:

#### Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

#### (1) Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Because of the intensely competitive market and the restriction of expiry date of active pharmaceutical ingredients, the Group assesses the amounts of inventories with normal consumption, obsolescence or without market value as of the balance sheet date, and writes off the inventory cost to net realisable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of December 31, 2023, the carrying amount of inventories was \$1,597,467.

### (2) Impairment assessment of investments accounted for using equity method

The impairment assessment of goodwill arising from premiums on investment relies on the Group's subjective judgement which was based on the discounted value of expected future cash flow of investees to estimate the recoverable amount and the reasonableness of related assumptions. Refer to Note 6(9).

#### (3) Revenue recognition

The Group recognises revenue from providing services based on the transaction price and the stage of completion, which is measured based on the actual services provided as of the end of the reporting period in proportion to the total services to be provided. The estimated total commissioned service cost will be affected by the estimated total time incurred, compliance costs, etc. The Group reassesses the reasonableness of estimates periodically.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the amount of commissioned service revenue recognised was \$171,365.

#### 6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

#### (1) Cash and cash equivalents

	Dece	mber 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
Petty cash and cash on hand	\$	346	\$	554
Demand deposits		831,438		655,866
Foreign currency demand deposits		469,294		511,622
Time deposits		224,935		111,420
	\$	1,526,013	\$	1,279,462

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. The Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others.

### (2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	Decem	ber 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Current items:			
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value			
through profit or loss			
Listed stocks			
EirGenix, Inc.	\$	28,285	\$ 29,158
TOT Biopharm International Company Limited		51,262	52,940
Emerging stocks			
TaiRx, Inc.		15,085	16,484
Derivatives			
- the redemption rights of convertible bonds		1,305	2,010
		95,937	100,592
Valuation adjustment		57,128	96,927
	\$	153,065	<u>\$ 197,519</u>
Non-current items:			
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value			
through profit or loss			
Listed stocks			
EirGenix, Inc.	\$	588,756	\$ 588,756
Unlisted stocks			
Hemed Innovations Co., Ltd.		14,976	14,976
AG Global Inc.		35,340	35,340
Forward BioT Venture Capital		24,000	
		663,072	639,072
Valuation adjustment		1,145,694	1,538,479
	\$	1,808,766	<u>\$</u> 2,177,551

- A. The Group recognised net (loss) gain amounting to (\$428,918) and \$178,784 on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- B. Details of the Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.

### (3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items	Decem	ber 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Non-current items:					
Equity instruments					
Listed stocks					
Eyenovia, Inc.	\$	31,900	\$	-	
Unlisted stocks					
Oncomatryx Biopharma, S.L.		57,135		57,135	
PHARMASTAR INC.		14,895		_	
		103,930		57,135	
Valuation adjustment		17,339		4,344	
	\$	121,269	\$	61,479	

- A. The Group has elected to classify equity investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$121,269 and \$61,479 as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- B. Amounts recognised in comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	Year ended December 31,				
		2023		2022	
Equity instruments at fair value through other					
comprehensive income					
Fair value change recognised in other					
comprehensive income	\$	12,995	( <u>\$</u>	53,483)	

- C. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group was \$121,269 and \$61,479, respectively.
- D. The Group had no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as collateral.

#### (4) Financial assets at amortised cost

Items	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Current items:				
Time deposits with a maturity of				
more than three months	\$	831,410	\$	153,550

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost are listed below:

	For the years ended December 31,			
	2023	2022		
Interest income	9,219			

- B. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortized cost held by the Company were \$831,410 and \$153,550, respectively.
- C. The Company has no financial assets at amortized cost pledged to others as collateral.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at amortized cost is provided in Note 12(2). The counterparties of the Group's investments in certificates of deposits are financial institutions with high credit quality, so the group expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

#### (5) Notes and accounts receivable, net

	Decen	nber 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Accounts receivable	\$	955,487	\$	832,623	
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(	7,312)	(	33,774)	
	\$	948,175	\$	798,849	

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

		December 31, 2023			December 31, 2022			
	Accounts receivable		Notes receivable		Accounts receivable		Notes receivable	
Not past due	\$	871,497	\$	-	\$	711,139	\$	-
Up to 30 days past due		53,919		-		68,145		-
31~ 90 days past due		13,474		-		46,849		-
91~ 180 days past due		15,381		-		-		-
181 days past due		1,216		<u>-</u>		6,490		
	\$	955,487	\$	_	\$	832,623	\$	

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. As of January 1, 2022, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$761,441.
- C. The Group did not hold any collateral for the security of notes and accounts receivable.
- D. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes and accounts receivable was \$0 and \$0, \$948,175 and \$798,849, respectively.

E. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

### (6) <u>Inventories</u>

			Dece	mber 31, 2023					
		Allowance for valuation losses and loss on obsolete							
	and slow-moving								
		Cost		nventories	Carrying amount				
Goods	\$	2,120	(\$	213)	\$	1,907			
Raw materials		570,238	(	71,937)		498,301			
Work in progress		436,191	(	56,765)		379,426			
Finished goods		902,780	(	184,947)		717,833			
	\$	1,911,329	<u>(\$</u>	313,862)	\$	1,597,467			
	December 31, 2022								
	Allowance for								
	valuation losses								
	and loss on obsolete								
		~	and	slow-moving	~				
		Cost	and		Carry	ving amount			
Goods	\$	Cost 3,582	and	slow-moving	Carry \$	ving amount 3,581			
Goods Raw materials	\$		and ii	slow-moving nventories					
	\$	3,582	and ii	slow-moving nventories		3,581			
Raw materials	\$	3,582 623,027	and ii	slow-moving nventories 1) 90,907)		3,581 532,120			

Current expenses related to inventories are as follows:

	Year ended December 31,				
		2023	2022		
Cost of goods sold	\$	2,371,441	\$	2,230,987	
(Gain from price recovery of inventory) loss on					
valuation decline and scrapped inventory	(	31,598)		74,772	
Cost of services		98,492		70,610	
Others	(	1,216)	(	1,057)	
	\$	2,437,119	\$	2,375,312	

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Group reversed a previous inventory write-down which was accounted for as reduction of cost of goods sold as certain inventories which were previously provided with allowance were subsequently sold.

### (7) Investments accounted for using equity method

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
A. R. Z Taiwan Limited	\$	169	\$	614
Formosa Labarotories Japan, Inc.		19,639		14,811
	\$	19,808	\$	15,425

- A. The Group's share of profit or loss of associates accounted for using the equity method for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$5,562 and \$7,587, respectively.
- B. The percentage of A. R. Z Taiwan Limited's and Formosa Laboratories Japan's assets, liabilities, income and profit or loss presented in the Group was minimal, and the two companies were not significant associates. Accordingly, the related accounts are not disclosed separately.

# (8) Property, plant and equipment

	 Land		Buildings and structures (Note 3)		achinery and		Jtilities uipment		Testing quipment	pı	Pollution- revention quipment	6	Office equipment	i	Leasehold improvements		Other quipment	c	Unfinished onstruction and equipment under acceptance	_	Total	busi	payments for ness facilities (Note 1)
At January 1, 2023																							
Cost	\$ 655,950	\$	1,598,236	\$	2,985,520	\$	97,668	\$	402,763	\$	217,964	\$	110,861	\$	16,782	\$	300,818	\$	2,526,641	\$	8,913,203	\$	59,705
Accumulated depreciation	 	(	510,962)	(	1,804,112)	(	80,181)	(	224,497)	(	129,545)	(	81,544)	(	12,702)	(	194,404)	_		(_	3,037,947)		
	\$ 655,950	\$	1,087,274	\$	1,181,408	\$	17,487	\$	178,266	\$	88,419	\$	29,317	\$	4,080	\$	106,414	\$	2,526,641	\$	5,875,256	\$	59,705
Year ended December 31, 2023 Opening net book amount																							
as at January 1	\$ 655,950	\$	1,087,274	\$	1,181,408	\$	17,487	\$	178,266	\$	88,419	\$	29,317	\$	4,080	\$	106,414	\$	2,526,641	\$	5,875,256	\$	59,705
Additions (Note 2)	-		30,705		32,983		-		22,975		2,931		3,189		453		12,014		395,931		501,181		61,586
Transfers (Note 4)	-		749,066		235,076		-		30,443		4,672		5,082		-		25,015	(	965,750)		83,604	(	94,421)
Reclassifications	-		-	(	279)		-		279		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Depreciation charge	 _	(_	73,923)	(	259,332)	(	1,998)	(	43,925)	(	15,560)	(	9,509)	(	770)	(	29,885)	_	_	(_	434,902)		_
Closing net book amount as at December 31	\$ 655,950	\$	1,793,122	\$	1,189,856	\$	15,489	\$	188,038	\$	80,462	\$	28,079	\$	3,763	\$	113,558	\$	1,956,822	\$	6,025,139	\$	26,870
At December 31, 2023																							
Cost	\$ 655,950	\$	2,377,114	\$	3,248,782	\$	97,668	\$	450,144	\$	225,567	\$	118,906	\$	15,696	\$	337,484	\$	1,956,822	\$	9,484,133	\$	26,870
Accumulated depreciation	 	(	583,992)	(	2,058,926)	(	82,179)	(	262,106)	(	145,105)	(	90,827)	(	11,933)	(	223,926)	_		(_	3,458,994)		<u> </u>
	\$ 655,950	\$	1,793,122	\$	1,189,856	\$	15,489	\$	188,038	\$	80,462	\$	28,079	\$	3,763	\$	113,558	\$	1,956,822	\$	6,025,139	\$	26,870

Note 1: Prepayments for equipment were shown as "other non-current assets".

Note 2: Including capitalised interests.

Note 3: The significant components of buildings include main plants and ancillary works and improvements, which is/are depreciated over 15~50 and 2~15 years, respectively.

Note 4: The difference of transfer during the year arose from prepayments for equipment transferred to intangible assets and operating expenses.

	L	and	Buildings and structures (Note 3)	Machinery and equipment	Utilities equipment		Testing equipment	pı	collution- revention quipment	Offic equipr			Leasehold aprovements	e	Other quipment	Unfinishe constructi and equipme under acceptan	on	Total	busin	ayments for ess facilities
At January 1, 2022			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,																	
Cost	\$ 6	55,950	\$ 1,575,057	\$ 2,889,266	\$ 97,66	58 \$	371,564	\$	206,603	\$ 9	6,356	\$	16,782	\$	277,673	\$ 2,293,	504	\$ 8,480,423	\$	85,433
Accumulated depreciation			452,426)	(1,551,685)	( 78,17	<u>′2) (</u>	183,872)	(	112,373)	(7	2,326)	(	11,829)	(	168,009)		- (	2,630,692)		
	\$ 6	555,950	\$ 1,122,631	\$ 1,337,581	\$ 19,49	96 \$	187,692	\$	94,230	\$ 2	4,030	\$	4,953	\$	109,664	\$ 2,293,	504	\$ 5,849,731	\$	85,433
Year ended December 31, 2022 Opening net book amount																				
as at January 1	\$ 6	555,950	\$ 1,122,631	\$ 1,337,581	\$ 19,49	6 \$	187,692	\$	94,230		4,030	\$	4,953	\$	109,664	\$ 2,293,		\$ 5,849,731	\$	85,433
Additions (Note 2)		-	2,655	32,413		-	25,926		491		2,761		-		14,135	291,		369,653		57,489
Transfers (Note 4)		-	20,524	71,238		-	4,343		10,871	1	1,744		-		8,983	( 58,	135)	69,568	(	83,217)
Reclassifications		-		( 1,649)		-	1,445	(	49)		_		-		253		-	-		-
Depreciation charge			58,536)	( 258,175)	(	<u>)9)</u> (	41,140)	(	17,124)	(	9,218)	(	873)	(	26,621)		(	413,696)		
Closing net book amount as at December 31	\$ 6	555,950	\$ 1,087,274	\$ 1,181,408	\$ 17,48	<u>\$</u>	178,266	\$	88,419	\$ 2	9,317	\$	4,080	\$	106,414	\$ 2,526,	541	\$ 5,875,256	\$	59,705
At December 31, 2022																				
Cost	\$ 6	555,950	\$ 1,598,236	\$ 2,985,520	\$ 97,66	58 \$	402,763	\$	217,964	\$ 11	0,861	\$	16,782	\$	300,818	\$ 2,526,	541	\$ 8,913,203	\$	59,705
Accumulated depreciation		- (	510,962)	(1,804,112)	( 80,18	81) (	224,497)	(	129,545)	(8	1,544)	(	12,702)	(	194,404)		<u>-</u> (	3,037,947)		<u>-</u>
	\$ 6	555,950	\$ 1,087,274	\$ 1,181,408	\$ 17,48	<u>\$7</u> <u>\$</u>	178,266	\$	88,419	\$ 2	9,317	\$	4,080	\$	106,414	\$ 2,526,	541	\$ 5,875,256	\$	59,705

Note 1: Prepayments for equipment were shown as "other non-current assets".

Note 2: Including capitalised interests.

Note 3: The significant components of buildings include main plants and ancillary works and improvements, which is/are depreciated over 15~50 and 2~15 years, respectively.

Note 4: The difference of transfer during the year arose from prepayments for equipment transferred to intangible assets and operating expenses.

A. Amount of borrowing costs capitalised as part of property, plant and equipment and the range of the interest rates for such capitalisation are as follows:

		Year ended December 31,					
		2023		2022			
Amount capitalised	\$	43,002	\$	33,489			
Range of the interest rates for capitalisation	1.8	15%~1.8435%		1.159%~1.531%			

B. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collateral is provided in Note 8.

# (9) Intangible assets

						2023				
				Professiona	al e	xpertise				
				APP13007		APP13002				
			OI	ohthalmic anti-		Antibiotic				
			i	nflammatory		medicament		Computer		
		Goodwill		agents		for eyes		software		Total
At January 1										
Cost	\$	82,166	\$	231,912	\$	1,408	\$	94,091	\$	409,577
Accumulated										
amortisation and			,	40.500		40.40	,			10 - 110
impairment	(	51,622)	(	68,209)	(	484)	(_	66,333)	(	186,648)
	\$	30,544	\$	163,703	\$	924	\$	27,758	\$	222,929
Opening net book amount as at January										
1	\$	30,544	\$	163,703	\$	924	\$	27,758	\$	222,929
Additions		-		-		-		1,978		1,978
Reclassifications (Note)		=		-		-		4,409		4,409
Amortisation charge		-	(	16,370)	(	84)	(	8,374)	(	24,828)
Net exchange					,	57)			,	<i>57</i> \
differences					(	57)	_	<u>-</u>	(	57)
Closing net book										
amount as at	\$	30,544	\$	147,333	\$	783	\$	25,771	\$	204,431
December 31	Ψ	30,344	Ψ	147,333	Ψ	703	Ψ	23,771	Ψ	204,431
At December 31										
Cost	\$	82,166	\$	231,912	\$	1,303	\$	100,282	\$	415,663
Accumulated amortisation and										
impairment	(	51,622)	(	84,579)	(	520)	(_	74,511)	(	211,232)
	\$	30,544	\$	147,333	\$	783	\$	25,771	\$	204,431

Note: It was transferred from prepayments for equipment (shown as 'other non-current assets').

2022

						2022				
				Professiona	ıle	xpertise				
				APP13007		APP13002				
			Op	hthalmic anti-		Antibiotic				
			iı	nflammatory		medicament		Computer		
	(	Goodwill		agents		for eyes		software		Total
At January 1										
Cost	\$	82,166	\$	231,912	\$	1,443	\$	91,690	\$	407,211
Accumulated	Ψ	02,100	Ψ	231,712	Ψ	1,113	Ψ	71,070	Ψ	107,211
amortisation and										
impairment	(	51,622)	(	51,839)	(	396)	(	55,754) (	(	159,611)
1	\$	30,544	\$	180,073	\$	1,047	\$	35,936	\$	247,600
Opening net book	-									
amount as at January										
1	\$	30,544	\$	180,073	\$	1,047	\$	35,936	\$	247,600
Additions	Ψ	50,511	Ψ	100,075	Ψ	1,017	Ψ	1,553	Ψ	1,553
Reclassifications (Note)		_		_		_		848		848
Amortisation charge		_	(	16,370)	(	88)	(	10,579) (	(	27,037)
Net exchange		_	(	10,370)	(	66)	(	10,579) (		27,037)
differences		_		_	(	35)		- (	(	35)
Closing net book					<u>'</u>		_			
amount as at										
December 31	\$	30,544	\$	163,703	\$	924	\$	27,758	\$	222,929
	1									
At December 31										
Cost	\$	82,166	\$	231,912	\$	1,408	\$	94,091	\$	409,577
Accumulated										
amortisation and	(	51,622)	(	68,209)	,	484)	(	66,333) (	(	186 649)
impairment	(		(		_		(_			186,648)
	\$	30,544	\$	163,703	\$	924	\$	27,758	<u>\$</u>	222,929

Note: It was transferred from prepayments for equipment (shown as 'other non-current assets').

## A. Details of amortisation on intangible assets are as follows:

	 Year ended	Decem	ber 31,
	 2023		2022
Operating costs	\$ 4,774	\$	5,720
Administrative expenses	2,875		3,246
Research and development expenses	 17,179		18,071
	\$ 24,828	\$	27,037

- B. On December 31, 2023 and 2022, goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units the subsidiary, Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc., which was identified according to the operating segment.
- C. Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to operating segment. The recoverable amount of all cash-generating units has been determined based on the value in use which was calculated from the expected economic income of related research and

development projects. The recoverable amount of all cash-generating units calculated using the value-in-use exceeded their carrying amount, so goodwill was not impaired. The key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations are operating profit margin, growth rate and discount rate. Management determined budgeted net operating profit margin based on its expectations of market development. The assumptions used for growth rates are based on expectations of industry; the assumption used for discount rate is the weighted average capital cost of the same industry. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the discounts rates were 18.51% and 17.90%, respectively.

## (10) Other non-current assets

	Decem	ber 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022
Prepayments for business facilities	\$	26,870	\$	59,705
Prepayments for investment (Note 1)		52,025		38,895
Guarantee deposits paid (Note 2)		4,783		6,384
Others		1,743		1,515
	\$	85,421	\$	106,499

Note 1: As the capital increase procedure has not yet been completed, the capital contribution was recognised as prepayments for investment.

Note 2: Refer to Note 8 for the performance guarantees provided.

#### (11) Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Items	Decen	nber 31, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022
Non-current items:				
New medicine development revenue share				
agreement	\$	61,410	\$	61,420

On April 18, 2022, the Group and EirGenix Inc. entered into a new medicine development revenue share agreement for TSY-0110 (EG12043) (the 'product') to replace the previous signed development and manufacturing related collaboration contract. During the development stage, the raw material of the product shall be provided at a reasonable market price by EirGenix Inc. The Group shall be responsible for the research and development of the product and the implementation of production and manufacturing after the development of the product has been completed. Both parties can launch the product in the global market and shall be entitled to a 50% authorisation income on any revenue or income generated from the development and commercialization of the product. Under the agreement, the Group will share the future authorization income with EirGenix Inc. and is entitled to a consideration of US\$30,000 thousand, which will be received in accordance with the schedule as specified in the contract. As of December 31, 2023, the Group has received US\$2,000 thousand.

# (12) Short-term borrowings

	Dece	ember 31, 2023	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Secured borrowings	\$	224,000	1.75%	Refer to Note 8
Unsecured borrowings		1,210,000	1.75%	None
	\$	1,434,000		
	Dece	ember 31, 2022	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings				
Secured borrowings	\$	524,000	1.52%~1.92%	Refer to Note 8
Unsecured borrowings		860,000	1.6%~1.95%	None
Import and export financing		65,666	1.6%~1.92%	"
	\$	1,449,666		

Note: Under the contract, there was no need to pay interest if the principal was paid before the value date.

Interest expense recognised in profit or loss amounted to \$28,620 and \$15,828 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

# (13) Short-term notes and bills payable

	Decer	mber 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022
Commercial paper payable	\$	100,000	\$	50,000
Less: Unamortized commercial paper payable	(	41)	(	91)
	\$	99,959	\$	49,909
Interest rate		1.83%		2.1%
(14) Other payables				
	Decen	nber 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022
Salaries and bonus payable	\$	219,269	\$	216,335
Payable on machinery and equipment		78,899		54,660
Service expenses payable		77,624		51,490
Accrued commission		42,785		36,160
Consumables payable		41,462		56,303
Repairs and maintenance expense payable		31,718		37,067
Utilities expense payable		20,970		17,401
Employees' compensation and directors' and				
supervisors' remuneration payable		19,844		36,498
Withholding tax payable		18,423		-
Import and export charges payable		14,222		15,570
Others		87,943		63,141
	\$	653,159	\$	584,625

# (15) <u>Long-term borrowings</u>

-			1
Bo	rrowing	period	and

	Borrowing period and			
Type of borrowings	repayment term	Interest rate	Collateral	December 31, 2023
Mid-term and long-term bank borrowings				
Mega International Commercial Bank (Note 1)	2023.2.25 ~ 2026.2.24 The principal will be repaid upon maturity.	2.08%	Note 2	\$ 350,000
	2021.5.3 ~ 2026.5.3 Quarterly and average repayment starting from August 2022.	2.20%	"	
THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK, LTD.	2020.9.15 ~ 2024.9.15 Quarterly and average repayment starting from December 2021.	2.00%	"	34,415
	2021.3.30 ~ 2025.3.30 Quarterly and average repayment starting from June 2021.	2.25%	''	15,500
	2022.7.28 ~ 2025.7.28 Quarterly and average repayment starting from April 2023.	2.25%	"	36,750
	2023.8.4 ~ 2026.8.4 Quarterly and average repayment starting from May 2024.	2.25%	None	28,700
O-Bank Co., Ltd. (Note 1)	2023.6.15 ~ 2025.6.14 The principal will be repaid upon maturity.	2.15%	"	100,000
DBS Bank Limited (Note 1)	2023.6.30 ~ 2025.6.30 The principal will be repaid upon maturity.	1.90%	"	200,000
Taishin International Bank. Note 1)	2023.7.31 ~ 2025.7.31 The principal will be repaid upon maturity.	2.20%	"	100,000
CTBC Bank Co., Ltd. Tao-Yuan Branch (Note 1)	2023.2.28 ~ 2025.2.28 The principal will be repaid upon maturity.	2.18%	"	200,000
FAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK Co., Ltd. LINKOU BRANCH (Note 1)	2023.11.30 ~ 2026.11.30 Quarterly and average repayment starting from February 2024.	2.20%	"	100,000
	2021.7.9 ~ 2024.7.9 Quarterly and average repayment starting from	2.03%	"	100,000
	December 2022. 2021.7.9 ~ 2024.7.9 Quarterly and average repayment starting from June	2.03%	"	37,500
SUNNY BANK.	2023. 2022.5.24 ~ 2027.5.24 Quarterly and average repayment starting from May	2.08%	Note 2	62,500
	2024. 2022.5.24 ~ 2027.5.24 Quarterly and average repayment starting from May	2.08%	None	500,000
	2023. 2023.3.10 ~ 2026.3.10 (Note 1) The	2.08%	"	233,516
Bank of Panhsin	principal will be repaid upon maturity.  2023.9.1 ~ 2025.9.1 Starting from December 2023, \$10 million will be repaid every quarter. The remaining balance shall be paid off in lump sum	2.24%	n	297,800
	upon maturity.			90,000
				2,486,681
Less: Current portion (shown as o	ther current liabilities)			( 448,784)
				\$ 2,037,897

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate	Collateral	December 31, 2022
Mid-term and long-term bank				
borrowings Mega International Commercial Bank (Note 1)	2022.11.3 ~ 2025.2.24 The principal will be repaid upon maturity. 2022.11.15 ~ 2025.2.24 The principal	1.90%	Note 2	\$ 110,000
	will be repaid upon maturity. 2021.5.3 ~ 2026.5.3 Quarterly and	1.90%	"	110,000
	average repayment starting from August 2021.	1.95%	"	48,182
THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK, LTD.	2019.12.19 ~ 2023.12.19 Quarterly and average repayment starting from March 2021.	1.750/	"	22.667
,	2020.9.15 ~ 2024.9.15 Quarterly and average repayment starting from	1.75%		32,667
	December 2021. 2021.3.30 ~ 2025.3.30 Quarterly and	1.75%	"	36,166
	average repayment starting from June 2021. 2021.7.28 ~ 2025.7.28 Quarterly and	2.13%	"	55,125
	average repayment starting from April 2023.	2.13%	"	41,000
CTBC Bank Co., Ltd. Tao-Yuan Branch. (Note 1)	2022.2.28 ~ 2024.2.28 The principal will be repaid upon maturity.	2.15%	None	100,000
O-Bank Co., Ltd. (Note 1)	$2022.7.4 \sim 2024.7.3$ The principal will be repaid upon maturity.	1.98%	"	100,000
Taishin International Bank. (Note 1)	2022.7.31 ~ 2025.1.31 The principal will be repaid upon maturity.	2.16%	"	200,000
FAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK Co., Ltd.	2021.9.17 ~ 2024.9.17 Quarterly and average repayment starting from			,
JihSun International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.(Note 1)	December 2021.  2021.8.20 ~ 2024.8.12 The principal will be repaid upon maturity.	1.95%	"	58,333
	2021.7.9 ~ 2024.7.9 Quarterly and average repayment starting from	1.84%	"	100,000
	December 2022. 2021.7.9 ~ 2024.7.9 Quarterly and	1.91%	"	87,500
NADAW DANK	average repayment starting from June 2023.	1.91%	"	100,000
SUNNY BANK.	2022.5.24 ~ 2027.5.24 Quarterly and average repayment starting from May 2024.	1.83%	Note 2	500,000
	2022.5.24 ~ 2027.5.24 Quarterly and average repayment starting from May	110070	11000 2	300,000
	2023. 2021.12.28 ~ 2023.12.28 (Note 1) The	1.83%	None	280,000
	principal will be repaid upon maturity.	1.83%		297,800
Less: Current portion (shown as o	ther current liabilities)			2,256,773 ( 619,017
2000. Current portion (shown as 0	the current manners,			\$ 1,637,756

Note 1: Such borrowings can be redrawn during the contract period.

Note 2: Information on guarantees is provided in Note 8.

- A. Under the loan agreements, the Group is required to compute and maintain certain financial covenants based on the annual and semi-annual consolidated financial statements. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group has met all the required covenants.
- B. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group had total undrawn borrowing facilities of \$1,605,730 and \$1,551,084, respectively.

#### (16) Pensions

#### A. Defined benefit plans

- (a) The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Labor Standards Act. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries will make contributions for the deficit by next March.
- (b) The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows:

	Dece	inder 31, 2023	Decen	nder 31, 2022
Present value of defined benefit obligations	\$	46,778	\$	41,148
Fair value of plan assets	(	23,407)	(	24,300)
Net defined benefit liability (shown as				
"other non-current liabilities")	\$	23,371	\$	16,848

Dagambar 21 2022

December 21 2022

(c) Movements in net defined benefit liabilities are as follows:

				2023		
	0	esent value f defined it obligations	_	Fair value of plan assets		Net defined benefit liability
At January 1						
Current service cost	\$	41,148	(\$	24,300)	\$	- ,
Interest expense (income)		648		-		648
		700	(	419)	_	281
Remeasurements: Change in financial assumptions		42,496	_	24,719)		17,777
Experience adjustments		1,917		-		1,917
		4,590	(	93)		4,497
Pension fund contribution		6,507	(	93)		6,414
Benefits paid		-	(	820)	(	820)
At December 31	(	2,225)		2,225		
	\$	46,778	<u>(\$</u>	23,407)	\$	23,371
				2022		
	Pre	esent value				
	0	f defined		Fair value of		Net defined
	benef	it obligations		plan assets	_	benefit liability
At January 1	\$	40,932	(\$	23,556)	\$	,
Current service cost		620				620
		020		-		020
Interest expense (income)		198	(	- 117)		81
Interest expense (income)			( <u> </u>	117) 23,673)	_	
Interest expense (income)  Remeasurements: Change in financial		198	( <u> </u>		_	81
Remeasurements:		198	( <u> </u>			81
Remeasurements: Change in financial	(	198 41,750			(	81 18,077
Remeasurements: Change in financial assumptions	(	198 41,750 614)		23,673)	(	81 18,077 614)
Remeasurements: Change in financial assumptions	(	198 41,750 614) 2,086		23,673)		81 18,077 614) 83
Remeasurements: Change in financial assumptions Experience adjustments	(	198 41,750 614) 2,086		23,673) - 2,003) 2,003)	(	81 18,077 614) 83 531)

(d) The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the Fund of the Company's and domestic subsidiaries' defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Fund's annual investment and utilisation plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilisation of the Labor Retirement Fund" (Article 6: The scope of utilisation for the Fund includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or

foreign listed, over-the-counter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic or foreign real estate securitisation products, etc.). With regard to the utilisation of the Fund, its minimum earnings in the annual distributions on the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from two-year time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, government shall make payment for the deficit after being authorised by the Regulator. The Company and domestic subsidiaries have no right to participate in managing and operating that fund and hence the Company and domestic subsidiaries are unable to disclose the classification of plan assets fair value in accordance with IAS 19 paragraph 142. The composition of fair value of plan assets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 is given in the Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilisation Report announced by the government.

(e) The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

	Year ended December 31				
	2023	2022			
Discount rate	1.196%	1.70%			
Future salary increases	2.50%	2.50%			

Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set based on the Taiwan Standard Ordinary Experience Mortality Table for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022. Because the main actuarial assumption changed, the present value of defined benefit obligation is affected. The analysis was as follows:

	-	Discount rate			Future salary increases			
	Increase 0.25% Decrea		ise 0.25%	Increase 0.25%		Decrease 0.25%		
December 31, 2023								
Effect on present value of defined								
benefit obligation	(\$	955)	\$	985	\$	955	(\$	931)
		Discou	nt rate		Future salary increases			
	Increas	e 0.25%	Decrea	ise 0.25%	Increa	se 0.25%	Decrea	ase 0.25%
December 31, 2022								
Effect on present								
value of defined								

- (f) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2024 amount to \$840.
- (g) As of December 31, 2023, the weighted average duration of the retirement plan is 8.46 years.

# B. Defined contribution plans

- (a) The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- (b) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$36,372 and \$34,173, respectively.

## (17) Share-based payment

A. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

		Quantity	Contract	Vesting
Type of arrangement	Grant date	granted	period	conditions
Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc	2022.03.09	6 hundred	5 years	2~4 years' service
Employee stock options		thousand		
		shares		

B. Details of the share-based payment arrangements are as follows:

		2023		2022			
		Weighted-average		Weighted-average			
	No. of	exercise price	No. of	exercise price			
	options	(in dollars)	options	(in dollars)			
Options outstanding							
at January 1	540,000	\$ 40.80	-	\$ -			
Options granted	-	-	600,000	40.80			
Options expired	(_50,000)	40.80	(_60,000)	40.80			
Options outstanding at							
December 31	490,000	\$ 39.70	540,000	\$ 40.80			
Options exercisable at							
December 31	_	\$ -		\$ -			

C. The expiry date and exercise price of stock options outstanding at the balance sheet date are as follows:

		December	2023	
				Exercise price
Issue date approved	Expiry date	No. of shares		(in dollars)
2022.03.09	2027.03.08	490,000	\$	39.70

# December 31, 2022 Exercise price Issue date approved Expiry date No. of shares (in dollars) 2022.03.09 2027.03.08 540,000 \$ 40.80

D. The fair value of stock options granted on grant date is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

			Exercise	Expected	Expected			Fair value
Type of		Stock price	price (in	price	option	Expected	Risk-free	per unit (in
arrangement	Grant date	(in dollars)	dollars)	volatility	life	dividends	interest rate	dollars)
Formosa	2022.03.09	\$39.50	\$ 39.70	49.67%	3.5 ~ 4.5	0%	0.56%	\$13.8687
Pharmaceuticals		(Note 1)		(Note 2)	years			~ 15.0536
IncEmployee								
stock options								

- Note 1: It was set based on the closing price of target shares in Taipei Exchange on the grant date.
- Note 2: The expected price volatility was estimated based on the closing price of stocks of comparable companies at time length which approximates the expected duration.
- E. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	 Year ended December 31,					
	 2023	2022				
Equity-settled	\$ 2,423 \$	2,587				

- F. Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc. employee share options 111 adjusted the performance price of employee share options to NT\$40.8 in accordance with the regulations on employee share options on July 29, 2022. The aforementioned adjustment of performance price did not significantly affect the fair value of employee share options
- G. Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc. employee share options 111 adjusted the performance price of employee share options to NT\$39.7 in accordance with the regulations on employee share options on June 29, 2023. The aforementioned adjustment of performance price did not significantly affect the fair value of employee share options

#### (18) Share capital

As of December 31, 2023, the Group's authorised capital was \$1,600,000, consisting of 160,000 thousand shares of ordinary stock (including 8,000 thousand shares reserved for employee stock options issued by the Group), and the paid-in capital was \$1,202,560 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

#### (19) Capital surplus

A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Group Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par

value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Group has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient

B. Refer to 6(17) for details of capital surplus, share options.

## (20) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' deficit and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve (until the legal reserve equals the paid-in capital), and the Group shall appropriate or reverse special reserve in accordance with laws or regulations of the authority. The remainder, if any, along with prior years' accumulated undistributed earnings shall be distributed as shareholders' bonus or retained for operating requirements which shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the shareholders.
- B. The Group's dividend distribution policy was based on the Group's financial structure, operation status and capital budget, etc., along with the consideration of shareholders' interest and balancing dividends. The distribution of earnings shall be in the form of stock or cash or both, and the cash dividends shall account for at least 10% of total dividends distributed.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Group's paid-in capital.
- D.(a) In accordance with the regulations, the Group shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
  - (b) The amounts previously set aside by the Group as special reserve on initial application of IFRSs in accordance with Order No. Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Corporate-1010012865, dated April 6, 2012, shall be reversed proportionately when the relevant assets are used, disposed of or reclassified subsequently. Such amounts are reversed upon disposal or reclassified if the assets are investment property of land, and reversed over the use period if the assets are investment property other than land.
- E. On June 27, 2023 and June 23, 2022, the Group's shareholders resolved the appropriations of earnings for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 as follows:

Vaar	andad	Decembe	r 21
i cai	chaca	Decembe	1 21,

	 2022			2021			
	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)		Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)		
		(III donais)			(III U	Onars)	
Legal reserve	\$ 40,979		\$	125,044			
Special reserve	54,964			-			
Cash dividends	 120,256	\$ 1.00		240,511	\$	2.00	
	\$ 216,199		\$	365,555			

F. On March 12, 2024, the Company's Board of Directors proposed for the appropriations of earnings for the year ended December 31, 2023 as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2023			
			Dividends	
			per share	
		Amount	(in dollars)	
Legal reserve	\$	12,111		
Special reserve	(	54,964)		
Cash dividends		240,512	\$ 2.00	
	<u>\$</u>	197,659		

As of March 12, 2024, the aforementioned appropriations of 2023 earnings have not yet been resolved by the shareholders.

# (21) Other equity items

-		Year	ende	ed December 31,	2023	
	Unrealised		Ciide	<u> </u>	2023	
	(losses)	•				
	investme					
	equity instr	ruments				
	measured					
	value throug	gh other		Currency		
	comprehensive			translation		
	incor	ne		differences		Total
At January 1	\$	4,344	(\$	10,047)	(\$	5,703)
Valuation adjustment		15,508		-		15,508
Currency translation differences:						
-Subsidiaries and associates		-	(	4,547)	(	4,547)
-Tax on subsidiaries and						
associates				909		909
At December 31	\$	19,852	(\$	13,685)	\$	6,167

Year ended De	ecember 31.	. 2022
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	Unr	ealised gains				
	(lo	sses) from				
	inv	estments in				
	equit	y instruments				
	mea	sured at fair				
	value	through other		Currency		
	con	comprehensive		translation		
		income		differences		Total
At January 1	\$	57,827	(\$	8,566)	\$	49,261
Valuation adjustment	(	53,483)		-	(	53,483)
Currency translation differences	:					
-Subsidiaries and associates		-	(	1,851)	(	1,851)
-Tax on subsidiaries and						
associates				370		370
At December 31	\$	4,344	(\$	10,047)	(\$	5,703)

# (22) Operating revenue

	Year ended December 31,				
		2023	2022		
Revenue from contracts with customers					
Sales revenue	\$	4,157,911	\$	3,564,622	
Service revenue		171,365		200,882	
Authorization		31,172		<u>-</u>	
	\$	4,360,448	\$	3,765,504	

# A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following geographical regions:

Year ended December 31, 2023
------------------------------

		At a poi	oint in time			Over time		
	S	ales revenue	Techno	ology licensing		Service revenue		Total
India	\$	1,031,114	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,031,114
Netherlands		577,197		-		-		577,197
Japan		310,006		-		1,971		311,977
Germany		306,894		-		-		306,894
Taiwan		175,556		-		102,527		278,083
China		240,588		31,172		808		272,568
Switzerland		284,488		-	(	12,434)		272,054
United States		237,549		-		31,766		269,315
Canada		137,226		-		798		138,024
Others		857,293				45,929		903,222
	\$	4,157,911	\$	31,172	\$	171,365	\$	4,360,448

Year ended December 31, 2022

		At a point in time		Over time			
	S	ales revenue	Technology lice	nsing	S	ervice revenue	 Total
India	\$	918,782	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 918,782
Taiwan		283,694		-		96,814	380,508
Netherlands		377,799		-		-	377,799
Switzerland		227,939		-		52,408	280,347
Germany		231,162		-		-	231,162
Japan		228,515		-		236	228,751
China		220,018		-		-	220,018
Canada		204,047		-		4,472	208,519
United States		172,338		-		18,001	190,339
Others		700,328		_		28,951	 729,279
	\$	3,564,622	\$	_	\$	200,882	\$ 3,765,504

#### B. Contract assets and liabilities

The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract assets and liabilities:

	Decen	nber 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022	January 1, 2022		
Contract liabilities	\$	193,102	\$	72,764	\$	109,686	

The Group recognised the revenue-related contract liabilities arising from advance sales receipts and licensing fee.

Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year

	 Year ended December 31,					
	 2023		2022			
Revenue recognised that was included in the						
contract liability balance at the beginning of						
the year	\$ 27,238	\$	90,757			

- C. For the aforementioned technology license, the Group and Grandpharma (China) Co., Ltd. entered into a contract for collaborative development and authorisation agreement on new medicines in China, Hong Kong, Macao, etc. The Group transferred professional knowledge and provided related data to Grandpharma (China) Co., Ltd. who was responsible for clinical development. When Grandpharma (China) Co., Ltd. successfully develops new medicines, it will obtain the right of production and sales in China, Hong Kong and Macao. Under the contract, the Group can charge signing bonus, milestone payment and royalties proportionately to the sales amount in the future. For the years ended December 31, 2023, the Group recognised the licensing revenue of \$31,172, and from the date of signing the contract to December 31, 2023, the accumulated revenue was \$59,023.
- D. The Group and Eyenovia, Inc. (EYEN) entered into a contract for authorisaion on new medicines in U.S. The Group will transfer the drug license and the right of production and sales in the US.

Under the contract, the Group can charge EYEN for signing bonus, development milestones and sales milestones. As of December 31, 2023, the Group has received US\$1,000 and 487 thousand ordinary shares of EYEN, shown as 'non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income' and from the date of signing the contract to December 31, 2023, the Group has not yet recognised any revenue.

## (23) Interest income

		Year ended I	December 31,		
	<u> </u>	2023		2022	
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	14,434	\$	2,144	
Financial assets at amortised cost					
Interest income		9,219		-	
Other interest income		55			
	\$	23,708	\$	2,144	

## (24) Other gains and losses

	Year ended December 31,				
		2023	2022		
Gains on disposal of property, plant and					
equipment	\$	88	\$	51	
Gains arising from lease modifications		21		24	
Net currency exchange (losses) gains	(	65,776)		10,382	
Net (losses) gains on financial assets at fair					
value through profit or loss	(	428,918)		178,784	
Consideration to measure losses (Note)	(	34,529)		-	
Miscellaneous disbursements	(	4,886)	(	12,512)	
	(\$	534,000)	\$	176,729	

Note: The Group acquired a 100% equity interest in Activus Pharma. Co., Ltd., and the contingent consideration was estimated according to the progress of applications for clinical test, patent and new medicine. Refer to Note 9(2) for details.

## (25) Finance costs

		Year ended I	Decembe	r 31,
		2023	2022	
Interest expense:				
Bank borrowings	\$	73,185	\$	51,235
Others		4,552		1,582
		77,737		52,817
Less: Capitalisation of qualifying assets	(	43,002)	(	33,498)
Finance costs	\$	34,735	\$	19,319

#### (26) Expenses by nature

		er 31,		
		2023		2022
Employee benefit expense	\$	1,012,524	\$	977,536
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets, property, plant and equipment	\$	462,479	\$	442,452
Amortisation charges on intangible assets and other non-current assets	\$	25,850	\$	28,463

## (27) Employee benefit expense

	 Year ended I	December 31,		
	 2023	2022		
Wages and salaries	\$ 860,692	\$	838,460	
Labour and health insurance fees	75,852		68,558	
Pension costs	37,301		34,874	
Other personnel expenses	27,590		22,325	
Directors' remuneration	8,666		10,732	
Employee stock options	 2,423		2,587	
	\$ 1,012,524	\$	977,536	

- A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation, an amount equal to at least 5% of the Company's distributable profit of the current year shall be appropriated as employees' compensation and not higher than 2% as directors' and supervisors' remuneration.
- B. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, employees' compensation was accrued at \$15,944 and \$28,500, respectively; while directors' and supervisors' remuneration was accrued at \$3,900 and \$7,998, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Group has accrued the compensation and remuneration according to the profit of current year and the percentage range as regulated in the Company's Articles of Incorporation.
  - On March 12, 2024, the employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration resolved by the Board of Directors were \$15,944 and \$3,900, respectively, and the employees' compensation will be paid in cash.
- C. On March 9, 2023, the employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration resolved by the Board of Directors were \$28,500 and \$7,998, respectively and the employees' compensation will be distributed in the form of cash.
- D. Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Group as resolved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

# (28) Income tax

# A. Income tax expense

# (a) Components of income tax:

	Year ended December 31							
		2023	2022					
Current tax:								
Current tax on profits for the year	\$	190,978	\$	127,348				
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		-		14,244				
Prior year income tax overestimation	(	10,224)	(	1,287)				
Total current tax		180,754		140,305				
Deferred tax:								
Origination and reversal of temporary								
differences		13,896	(	23,934)				
Income tax expense	\$	194,650	\$	116,371				

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	Year ended December 31,							
		2023	2	022				
Currency translation differences	(\$	909)	(\$	370)				
Remeasurement of defined benefit								
obligations	(	1,283)		106				
	(\$	2,192)	(\$	264)				

B. Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit

	Year ended December 31,						
		2023	2022				
Tax calculated based on profit before tax							
and statutory tax rate	(\$	119)	\$	24,710			
Expenses disallowed by tax regulation		124,145		18,218			
Tax exempt income by tax regulation	(	831)	(	19,510)			
Temporary differences not recognised as							
deferred tax assets		411		599			
Taxable loss not recognised as deferred tax							
assets		59,479		79,900			
Prior year income tax overestimation	(	10,224)	(	1,287)			
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		-		14,244			
Reversal of deferred tax liabilities	(	494)	(	494)			
Foreign withholding tax on dividends		22,283	(	9)			
Income tax expense	\$	194,650	\$	116,371			

# C. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences are as follows:

	2023							
	January 1			Recognised in profit or loss			December 31	
Temporary differences:								
<ul><li>Deferred tax assets:</li><li>Unrealised inventory</li></ul>								
valuation loss	\$	76,451	(\$	13,679)	\$	-	\$	62,772
Unrealised exchange loss		3,218		5,491		-		8,709
Amount of allowance for bad								
debts that exceed the limit for								
tax purpose		6,241	(	6,241)		-		-
Pensions		3,689		-		1,283		4,972
Unrealised expenses		5,078		202		-		5,280
Cumulative translation								
adjustments		2,512	_		_	909		3,421
		97,189	(_	14,227)		2,192	_	85,154
—Deferred tax liabilities:								
Foreign investment income	(	2,166)	(	163)		-	(	2,329)
Land revaluation increment	(	17,529)		-		-	(	17,529)
Deferred tax liabilities arising								
from acquisitions	(	4,939)	_	494			(	4,445)
	(	24,634)	_	331			(	24,303)
	\$	72,555	(\$	13,896)	\$	2,192	\$	60,851

	2022								
	January 1			Recognised in other Recognised in comprehensive profit or loss income				December 31	
Temporary differences:									
<ul><li>Deferred tax assets:</li><li>Unrealised inventory</li></ul>									
valuation loss	\$	61,497	\$	14,954	\$	_	\$	76,451	
Unrealised exchange loss Amount of allowance for	Ψ	-	Ψ	3,218	Ψ	-	Ψ	3,218	
bad debts that exceed the				6,241				6,241	
limit for tax purpose Pensions		3,795		0,241	(	106)		3,689	
Unrealised expenses		4,868		210	(	100)		5,078	
Cumulative translation		7,000		210				3,070	
adjustments		2,142		_		370		2,512	
j		72,302		24,623		264		97,189	
—Deferred tax liabilities:		_				_		_	
Foreign investment income	(	659)	(	1,507)		-	(	2,166)	
Land revaluation increment	(	17,529)		-		-	(	17,529)	
Unrealised exchange gain	(	324)		324		-		-	
Cumulative translation									
adjustments		-		-		-		-	
Deferred tax liabilities	,	5 422)		40.4			,	4.020	
arising from acquisitions	(	5,433)	_	494		-	_	4,939)	
	(	23,945)		689)	_		<u> </u>	24,634)	
	\$	48,357	\$	23,934	\$	264	\$	72,555	

D. Details of the amount the subsidiary, Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc., is entitled as investment tax credit and unrecognised deferred tax assets are as follows:

	December 31, 2023							
		Unrecognised						
	Year	Unused tax	deferred tax					
Qualifying items	incurred	credits	assets	Expiry year				
Research and development	2011	\$ 2,834	\$ 2,834	Note 1				
	2012	8,419	8,419	"				
	2013	9,019	9,019	"				
	2014	5,702	5,702	"				
	2015	5,046	5,046	"				
	2016	5,143	5,143	"				
	2020	12,973	12,973	Note 2				
	2021	107,261	107,261	"				
	2022	75,947	75,947	"				
	2023	54,523	54,523	"				
		\$ 286,867	\$ 286,867					

December 3	1, 2022
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	Unrecognised					
	Year	Un	used tax	det	ferred tax	
Qualifying items	incurred	c	redits		assets	Expiry year
Research and development	2011	\$	2,834	\$	2,834	Note 1
	2012		8,419		8,419	"
	2013		9,019		9,019	"
	2014		5,702		5,702	"
	2015		5,046		5,046	"
	2016		5,143		5,143	"
	2020		12,973		12,973	Note 2
	2021		107,261		107,261	"
	2022		78,228		78,228	"
		\$	234,625	\$	234,625	

Note 1: On September 7, 2011, the subsidiary, Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc., was approved as a biotechnology and new medicine company by Jing-Shou-Gong-Zi Letter No.10020417340 of the Ministry of Economic Affairs, R.O.C. Accordingly, Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc. was entitled to certain incentives under the 'Act For The Development Of Biotech And New Pharmaceuticals Industry'. The approval letter issued by the Ministry of Economic Affairs was effective within 5 years from the date of the approval. The investment tax credits arising from research and development and employees' training expenditure shall be deducted from Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc.'s income tax payable. Unused investment tax credits can be deducted from income tax within 4 years.

Note 2: On August 4, 2020, the subsidiary, Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc., was approved as a biotechnology and new medicine company by Jing-Shou-Gong-Zi Letter No.10920422850 of the Ministry of Economic Affairs, R.O.C. Accordingly, the Company and the Company's shareholders were entitled to certain incentives under the 'Act For The Development Of Biotech And New Pharmaceuticals Industry'. The approval letter was effective within 5 years from the date of the approval. The investment tax credits arising from research and development and employees' training expenditure shall be deducted from income tax payable. Unused investment tax credits can be deducted from income tax payable within 5 years.

E. The expiration dates of unused tax losses and amounts of unrecognised deferred tax assets of the subsidiary, Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc., are as follows:

December 31, 2023

	Amount filed/			Unre	ecognised	
Year incurred	assessed	Unused a	amount	deferre	d tax assets	Expiry year
2014	Assessed	\$	22,130	\$	22,130	2024
2015	Assessed		15,773		15,773	2025
2016	Assessed		33,933		33,933	2026
2017	Assessed		45,682		45,682	2027
2018	Assessed		116,382		116,382	2028
2019	Assessed		175,069		175,069	2029
2020	Assessed		226,698		226,698	2030
2021	Assessed		413,292		413,292	2031
2022	Filed		373,916		373,916	2032
2023	Filed		297,238		297,238	2033
		\$ 1,	720,113	\$	1,720,113	

December 31, 2022

	Amount filed/			J	Inrecognised	
Year incurred	assessed	Unı	used amount	defe	erred tax assets	Expiry year
2013	Assessed	\$	25,894	\$	25,894	2023
2014	Assessed		22,130		22,130	2024
2015	Assessed		15,773		15,773	2025
2016	Assessed		33,933		33,933	2026
2017	Assessed		45,682		45,682	2027
2018	Assessed		116,382		116,382	2028
2019	Assessed		175,069		175,069	2029
2020	Assessed		226,698		226,698	2030
2021	Filed		413,292		413,292	2031
2022	Filed		387,075		387,075	2032
		\$	1,461,928	\$	1,461,928	

F. The expiration dates of unused tax losses and amounts of unrecognised deferred tax assets of the subsidiary, Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc., are as follows:

December 31, 2023

	Amount filed/	Unrecognised				
Year incurred	assessed	Unus	ed amount	deferr	ed tax assets	Expiry year
2015	Assessed	\$	17,771	\$	17,771	2025
2016	Assessed		4,938		4,938	2026
2017	Assessed		5,962		5,962	2027
2018	Assessed		4,844		4,844	2028
2019	Assessed		3,965		3,965	2029
2020	Assessed		1,107		1,107	2030
2021	Assessed		209		209	2031
2022	Filed		201		201	2032
2023	Filed		160		160	2033
		\$	39,157	\$	39,157	

December 31, 2022

	Amount filed/			J	Inrecognised	
Year incurred	assessed	Unu	sed amount	defe	erred tax assets	Expiry year
2015	Assessed	\$	17,771	\$	17,771	2025
2016	Assessed		4,938		4,938	2026
2017	Assessed		5,962		5,962	2027
2018	Assessed		4,844		4,844	2028
2019	Assessed		3,965		3,965	2029
2020	Assessed		1,107		1,107	2030
2021	Filed		209		209	2031
2022	Filed		201		201	2032
		\$	38,997	\$	38,997	

F. The amounts of deductible temporary differences that were not recognised as deferred tax assets are as follows:

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Deductible temporary differences	\$	242,251	\$	248,386

D. The income tax returns of the Company, Epione Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc. through 2021 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

# (29) Earnings per share

	Year ended December 31, 2023				
			Weighted average		
			number of ordinary	Earnings	
		Amount	shares outstanding	per share	
		after tax	(shares in thousands)	(in dollars)	
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary	ф	10 < 0.10	100.056	Φ 105	
shareholders of the parent	\$	126,243	120,256	\$ 1.05	
Diluted earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary	Φ.	10 < 0.10	120.276		
shareholders of the parent	\$	126,243	120,256		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares			235		
Employees' compensation		<del>-</del>			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	126,243	120,491	\$ 1.05	
shareholders of the parent	<u> </u>	120,213		Ψ 1.05	
		Yea	ar ended December 31,	2022	
			Weighted average		
			number of ordinary	Earnings	
		Amount	shares outstanding	per share	
		after tax	(shares in thousands)	(in dollars)	
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary	ф	400.250	120.256	Ф 2.40	
shareholders of the parent	\$	409,359	120,256	\$ 3.40	
Diluted earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary	¢	400.250	120.256		
shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive	\$	409,359	120,256		
potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation			628		
Profit attributable to ordinary	_		028		
shareholders of the parent	\$	409,359	120,884	\$ 3.39	
		<i>,</i>			

#### (30) Transactions with non-controlling interest

Cash capital increase of subsidiaries results in changes in the Group's shareholding ratio

A. On May 4, 2023, the Board of Directors of the subsidiary, Formosa Pharmaceuticals. Inc., approved the cash capital increase by issuing 20,500 thousand new shares. As the Group did not subscribe to the capital increase in proportion to its ownership percentage and the employees continuously exercised its stock options, the Group's shareholding ratio in this subsidiary decreased from 46.55% to 45.84%. The transaction increased non-controlling interest by \$547,205 and increased the equity attributable to owners of parent by \$36,470. For the year ended

December 31, 2023, the effects from changes in owner's equity of Formosa Pharmaceuticals. Inc. to owner's equity attributable to parent company were as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2023		
Cash	\$	583,675	
Increase in the carrying amount of non-controlling interest	(	547,205)	
Capital surplus			
- recognition of changes in ownership interest in			
subsidiaries	\$	36,470	

B. On March 9, 2022, the Board of Directors of the subsidiary, Formosa Pharmaceuticals. Inc., approved the cash capital increase by issuing 14,810 thousand new shares. As the Group did not subscribe to the capital increase in proportion to its ownership percentage and the employees continuously exercised its stock options, the Group's shareholding ratio in this subsidiary decreased from 46.63% to 46.55%. The transaction increased non-controlling interest by \$261,806 and increased the equity attributable to owners of parent by \$9,902. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the effects from changes in owner's equity of Formosa Pharmaceuticals. Inc. to owner's equity attributable to parent company were as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2022		
Cash	\$	271,708	
Increase in the carrying amount of non-controlling interest	(	261,806)	
Capital surplus			
- recognition of changes in ownership interest in			
subsidiaries	\$	9,902	

#### (31) Supplemental cash flow information

Investing activities with partial cash payments

		2023
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$	50
Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment		5
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment	(	7
Cash paid during the year	\$	47

	Year ended I	Decen	nber 31,
	2023		2022
\$	501,181	\$	369,653
	54,660		65,947
(	78,899)	(	54,660)
\$	476,942	\$	380,940

# (32) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

			2	023		
	Short-term borrowings	Short-term notes and bills payable	Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	Lease liability	New medicine development revenue share agreement	Liabilities from financing activities-gross
At January 1	\$ 1,449,666	\$ 49,909	\$ 2,256,773	\$ 43,529	\$ 61,420	\$ 3,861,297
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	( 15,666)	50,050	229,908	( 27,567)	-	236,725
Changes in other non- cash items				26,788	(10)	26,778
At December 31	\$ 1,434,000	\$ 99,959	\$ 2,486,681	\$ 42,750	\$ 61,410	\$ 4,124,800
			,	2022		
	Short-term borrowings	Short-term notes and bills payable	Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	Lease liability	New medicine development revenue share agreement	Liabilities from financing activities-gross
At January 1	\$ 1,017,388	\$ 159,939	\$ 2,191,853	\$ 51,239	\$ -	\$ 3,420,419
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	432,278	( 110,030)	) 64,920	( 28,809)	58,390	416,749
Changes in other non- cash items				21,099	3,030	24,129

# 7. <u>RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

At December 31

# (1) Parent and ultimate controlling party

As the Group's shares were widely held by the public, the Group had no ultimate parent company and ultimate controlling party.

49,909 \$

2,256,773 \$

61,420 \$

3,861,297

43,529 \$

# (2) Names of related parties and the relationship with the Group

\$ 1,449,666 \$

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company
TaiRx, Inc.	Other related party
EirGenix Inc.	Other related party
Formosa Labarotories Japan, Inc.	Associate
A. R. Z Taiwan Limited	Associate

# (3) Significant related party transactions

# A. Operating revenue

	Year ended December 31				
	2023		2022		
Sales of goods:					
Associates	\$	73,301	\$	63,628	
Other related parties		21		_	
	\$	73,322	\$	63,628	

Goods are sold based on the price lists in force and terms that would be available to third parties.

		Year ended December 31,					
		2023		2023		2022	
Sales of services:							
Other related parties	<u>\$</u>	16,302	\$	20,105			

The Group was appointed to develop the manufacturing process and research method of active pharmaceutical ingredients. As there were no similar transactions for reference, the price cannot be compared with general customers and was based on mutual agreement. The payment term was not significantly different from regular transactions.

## B. Purchases

	Year ended December 31,				
		2023		2022	
Purchases of goods:					
Other related parties	\$	-	\$	11,190	

Goods and services are purchased from associates and an entity controlled by key management personnel on normal commercial terms and conditions.

## C. Service expenses (shown as research and development expenses)

	Year ended December 31,					
		2023		2022		
Other related parties	\$	5,335	\$	4,343		
D. Accounts receivable						
	Decemb	per 31, 2023	Decem	ber 31, 2022		
Associates	\$	7,701	\$	12,086		
Other related parties		4,136		1,546		
Loss allowance	(	3)	(	4)		
	\$	11,834	\$	13,628		

Receivables from related parties arose from sales of goods and service transactions, except for some service revenue which were recognised based on the percentage-of-completion method. The credit terms were 30-90 days from the date of sale. The receivables are unsecured in nature and bear no interest.

## E. Other receivables

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Other receivables Associates	\$	28	\$	27
F. Other payables				
	December	31, 2023	December	31, 2022
Other related party	\$	2,636	\$	

The above represents the payable for entrusting other related parties to carry out clinical development and research.

## F. Financial liabilities at amortised cost

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		
Other related party	\$	61,410	\$	61,420	

The above represents consideration due from other related parties under a new medicine development revenue share agreement of TSY-110. Refer to Note 6(11).

# (4) Key management compensation

	Year ended December 31,				
		2023		2022	
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	80,504	\$	78,410	
Post-employment benefits		1,614		1,420	
Share-based payments		901		276	
	\$	83,019	\$	80,106	

#### 8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

		Book			
Pledged asset	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		Purpose
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$	954,750	\$	1,230,000	Guarantee for short-term borrowings
Land		655,950		655,950	Guarantee for short-term borrowings and mid-term and long-term borrowings facility
Buildings and structures		1,644,340		981,515	"
Machinery and equipment		147,802		167,727	Guarantee for mid-term and long-term borrowings facility
Pollution-prevention equipment		4,665		5,540	"
Unfinished construction and equipment under acceptance		433,466		974,278	п
Guarantee deposits paid (shown as					Performance guarantee
"other non-current assets")		1,659		3,225	
	\$	3,842,632	\$	4,018,235	

# 9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

(1) Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred is as follows:

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Property, plant and equipment	\$	356,208	\$	303,174

(2) On August 10, 2017, the Group purchased a 100% equity interest in Activus Pharma. Co., Ltd. by cash of \$107,294 plus a contingent consideration of \$170,097 (US\$5,621 thousand). Activus Pharma Co., Ltd. is primarily engaged in the research and development of medicine of nano grinding technology and is a micromolecule nanotechnology platform company. The above acquisition can strengthen the Group's nanomanufacturing process, and expand market with this technology and existing collaboration.

The aforementioned contingent price will be paid in accordance with the progress for application of clinical testing, patent and new medicine. The maximum amount is US\$8,500 thousand, which will be paid based on a certain percentage of the sales amount as specified in the contract when the product is launched in the market. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, accumulated payments of the contact price were US\$6,000 thousand and US\$6,000 thousand, respectively. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the outstanding payment amounted to \$69,931 (US\$2,278 thousand) and \$33,709 (US\$1,098 thousand), where the considerations for "other current liabilities" are \$69,931 and \$0, respectively, and the rest are listed as "other non-current liabilities".

## 10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

#### 11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

- (1) Information about the appropriations of 2023 earnings of the Group is provided in Note 6(20)F.
- (2) The Company's board of directors during its meeting on March 12, 2024 resolved to acquire 100% equity interest in American Company SynChem. The total acquisition price is expected to be no more than US\$2,000 thousand.
- (3) On March 4, 2024 (U.S. time), Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc., a subsidiary of the Company, received a notice from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) that clobetasol propionate eye drop suspension 0.05% (APP13007) for the treatment of inflammation and pain after ophthalmic surgery has passed the U.S. FDA new drug application review and obtained marketing approval.

#### 12. OTHERS

## (1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain the optimal capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or convertible bonds. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net liabilities is calculated as total borrowings (including short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, corporate bonds payable and long-term borrowings (including current portion)) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the consolidated balance sheet plus net debt.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2022, was to maintain the gearing ratio within a certain range. The gearing ratios at December 31, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
\$	4,020,640	\$	3,756,348
(	1,526,013)	(	1,279,462)
	2,494,627		2,476,886
	8,210,201		7,796,273
\$	10,704,828	\$	10,273,159
	23.30%		24.11%
		( 1,526,013) 2,494,627 8,210,201 \$ 10,704,828	\$ 4,020,640 \$ ( 1,526,013) ( 2,494,627

# (2) Financial instruments

# A. Financial instruments by category

	Dece	mber 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit				
or loss				
Financial assets mandatorily measured at	_			
fair value through profit or loss	\$	1,961,831	\$	2,375,070
Financial assets at fair value through other				
comprehensive income				
Designation of equity instrument	\$	121,269	\$	61,479
Financial assets at amortised cost				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,526,013	\$	1,279,462
Financial assets at amortised cost		831,410		153,550
Notes and accounts receivable (including				
related parties)		960,009		812,477
Other receivables due from related parties		63,353		14,617
Guarantee deposits paid (shown as "other		1702		6 291
non-current assets")		4,783		6,384
	\$	3,385,568	\$	2,266,490
<u>Financial liabilities</u>				
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	_			
Short-term borrowings	\$	1,434,000	\$	1,449,666
Short-term notes and bills payable		99,959		49,909
Notes and accounts payable		203,126		187,490
Other payables		655,795		584,625
New medicine development revenue share		c1 410		c1 400
agreement		61,410		61,420
Long-term borrowings (including current		2 406 601		2.256.772
portion)		2,486,681		2,256,773
	\$	4,940,971	\$	4,589,883
Lease liability (including current portion)	\$	42,749	\$	43,529

# B. Financial risk management policies

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's entire risk management policies focus on unpredictable matters in financial market and reducing the potential negative effects on the Group's financial status and financial performance.

# C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

# (a) Market risk

## Exchange rate risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to exchange rate risk arising from the transactions of the Group used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD and EUR. Foreign exchange rate risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require each entity of the Group to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. Each entity of the Group is required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury. Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and EUR expenditures. Forward foreign exchange contracts are adopted to minimise the volatility of the exchange rate affecting cost of forecast inventory purchases.
- iii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations. The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	December 31, 2023						
	Foreign currency amount (in thousands)		Exchange rate	Carrying amoun			
(Foreign currency:		<del></del>					
functional currency)							
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	\$	52,916	30.705	\$	1,624,786		
USD:JPY		3,400	141.37		104,731		
Non-monetary items							
JPY:NTD		555,360	0.2172		121,646		
USD:NTD		1,692	30.705		51,947		
EUR:NTD		2,315	33.98		78,656		
HKD:NTD		10,108	3.929		39,715		
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD		18,346	30.705		563,314		

	December 31, 2022						
	Forei	gn currency					
	á	amount		Car	rying amount		
	(in t	housands)	Exchange rate		(NTD)		
(Foreign currency:							
functional currency)							
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	\$	47,813	30.71	\$	1,468,337		
USD:JPY		3,400	132.14		104,414		
Non-monetary items							
JPY:NTD		512,041	0.23		120,160		
USD:NTD		1,632	30.71		50,129		
EUR:NTD		1,879	32.72		61,479		
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD		17,104	30.71		535,270		

- iv. The exchange (loss) gain arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, amounted to (\$65,776) and \$10,382, respectively.
- v. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variation:

	Year ended December 31, 2023							
	Sensitivity analysis							
	Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss		Effect on other comprehensive income				
(Foreign currency:								
functional currency)								
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	1%	\$	16,248	\$ -				
USD:JPY	1%		1,047	-				
Financial liabilities  Monetary items								
USD:NTD	1%		5,633	-				

	Year ended December 31, 2022 Sensitivity analysis							
	Degree of variation		Effect on ofit or loss	Effect on ot comprehens income				
(Foreign currency:								
functional currency)								
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	1%	\$	14,683	\$	-			
USD:JPY	1%		1,044		-			
Financial liabilities  Monetary items								

#### Price risk

**USD:NTD** 

i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.

5,353

1%

ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise equity instruments issued by domestic and foreign companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 would have increased/decreased by \$19,618 and \$23,751, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased by \$1,213 and \$615, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

#### Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's interest rate risk arose from short-term notes and bills payable, short-term and long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which was partially offset by cash and cash equivalents held at variable rates. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. During 2023 and 2022, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in New Taiwan dollars and US Dollars.
- ii. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, if the borrowing interest rate increased by 0.1% (such as 1% increased to 1.1%) with all other variables held constant, the profit,

net of tax for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 would have decreased by \$1,989 and \$1,805, respectively. The main factor is that increases in interest expense result from floating rate borrowings.

### (b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and financial assets stated at amortised cost.
- ii. According to the Group's credit policy, the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The Group adopts the assumption under IFRS 9 that is, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- iv. The Group adopts the following assumption under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:

  If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
- v. The Group classifies customer's accounts receivable in accordance with credit rating of customer. The Group applies the modified approach using a provision roll rate matrix based on the loss rate methodology to estimate the expected credit loss.
- vi. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights.
- vii. The Group used the forecastability of Taiwan Institute of Economic Research boom observation report to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. The Group distinguished customers into optimal customers and non-optimal customers based on the customers' rating. Related information is as follows:
  - (i) The loss allowance for optimal customers' accounts was estimated to be 0.03% by using expected loss rate method. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the balances of loss allowance were \$195 and \$174, respectively.
  - (ii) The loss allowance for non-optimal customers' accounts was estimated by using provision roll rate matrix. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, related information

is as follows:

	Expected loss rate	Total book value		Loss	allowance
December 31, 2023					
Not past due	1.18%	\$	304,175	\$	3,581
Up to 30 days past due	16.65%		8,978		1,494
31~ 90 days past due	55.92~100%		-		-
91~ 180 days past due	100.00%		829		829
181 days past due	100.00%		1,216		1,216
Total		\$	315,198	\$	7,120
	Expected loss rate	Tota	l book value	Loss	allowance
December 31, 2022	Expected loss rate	_Tota	l book value	Loss	allowance
December 31, 2022  Not past due	Expected loss rate 0.35%	Tota \$	1 book value 211,197	Loss	s allowance 734
	•				
Not past due	0.35%		211,197		734
Not past due Up to 30 days past due	0.35% 48.46%		211,197 44,400		734 21,518
Not past due Up to 30 days past due 31~ 90 days past due	0.35% 48.46% 100.00%		211,197 44,400		734 21,518

viii. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

		Year e	ended De	ecember 31,	202	3
	N	Ion-related				
	parties		Relate	ed parties	Total	
Balance at January 1	\$	33,774	\$	4	\$	33,778
Reversal of impairment loss	(	26,462)	(	1)	(	26,463)
Balance at December 31	\$	7,312	\$	3	\$	7,315
		Year e	ended De	ecember 31,	202	2
	N	Ion-related				
		parties	Relate	ed parties		Total
Balance at January 1	\$	5,426	\$	4	\$	5,430
Reversal of impairment loss		28,348		_		28,348
Balance at December 31	\$	33,774	\$	4	\$	33,778

For provisioned loss on December 31, 2023 and 2022, the impairment losses (reversal gains) arising from customers' contracts are (\$26,463) and \$28,348, respectively.

# (c) Liquidity risk

- i. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational requirements.
- ii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the

contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

### Non-derivative financial liabilities:

Non-derivative illianciai naon	mes	<u>.</u>						
			Be	tween 1 and	Ве	etween 2 and		
December 31, 2023	W	ithin 1 year		2 years		3 years	Over 3 years	
New medicine development								
revenue share agreement	\$	-	\$	-	\$	61,410	\$	-
Short-term borrowings		1,436,188		-		-		-
Short-term notes and bills								
payable		99,959		-		-		-
Notes payable		1,017		-		-		-
Accounts payable		202,109		-		-		-
Other payables		655,795		-		-		-
Lease liability (including								
current portion)		24,300		12,035		7,848		2,413
Long-term borrowings								
(including current portion)	_	497,079		1,019,545	_	945,651		112,238
	\$	2,916,447	<u>\$</u>	1,031,580	\$	1,014,909	\$	114,651
Non-derivative financial liabil	ities	<u>:</u>						
			Be	tween 1 and	Ве	tween 2 and		

	between 1 and	between 2 and		
Within 1 year	2 years	3 years	Over 3 years	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 61,420	\$ -	
1,458,236	-	-	-	
49,909	-	-	-	
1,017	-	-	-	
186,473	-	-	-	
584,625	-	-	-	
22,549	13,801	5,295	2,653	
659,573	651,979	681,355	343,298	
\$ 2,962,382	\$ 665,780	\$ 748,070	\$ 345,951	
	\$ - 1,458,236 49,909 1,017 186,473 584,625 22,549 659,573	\$ - \$ - 1,458,236 - 49,909 - 1,017 - 186,473 - 584,625 - 22,549 13,801 659,573 651,979	Within 1 year     2 years     3 years       \$ -     \$ -     \$ 61,420       1,458,236     -     -       49,909     -     -       1,017     -     -       186,473     -     -       584,625     -     -       22,549     13,801     5,295       659,573     651,979     681,355	

# (3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
  - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
  - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
  - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

- B. The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value comprise cash and cash equivalents, contract assets, notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables (including related parties), short-term borrowings, short-term bills payable, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, corporate bonds payable and long-term borrowings (including current portion) are approximate to their fair values.
- C. The related information on financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities at December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:
  - (a) The related information on the nature of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

December 31, 2023	Level 1		Level 2	 Level 3		Total
Assets						
Recurring fair value						
<u>measurements</u>						
Financial assets at fair						
value through profit or						
loss - equity securities	\$ 1,918,749	\$	-	\$ 17,784	\$	1,936,533
Venture Fund	-		-	24,000		24,000
Convertible bonds	1,298		-	-		1,298
Financial assets at fair						
value through other						
comprehensive income -						
equity securities		_	27,260	 94,009	_	121,269
Total	\$ 1,920,047	\$	27,260	\$ 135,793	\$	2,083,100
Liabilities						
Recurring fair value						
<u>measurements</u>						
Financial liabilities at fair						
value through profit or						
loss	\$ -	\$		\$ 69,931	\$	69,931

December 31, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Recurring fair value				
<u>measurements</u>				
Financial assets at fair				
value through profit or				
loss - equity securities	\$ 2,358,167	\$ -	\$ 14,976	\$ 2,373,143
Convertible bonds	1,927	-	-	1,927
Financial assets at fair				
value through other				
comprehensive income -				
equity securities			61,479	61,479
Total	\$ 2,360,094	\$ -	\$ 76,455	\$ 2,436,549
Liabilities				
Recurring fair value				
<u>measurements</u>				
Financial liabilities at fair				
value through profit or				
loss	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33,709	\$ 33,709

- (b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:
  - i. For the instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1), the Group uses the closing price of market quoted price to measure the listed and emerging shares.
  - ii. Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques. Some of the listed stocks which were invested by the Group were restricted by lock-up period. Their fair values were determined based on the quoted prices of the same and unrestricted instruments in the active market, adjusted by the restricted effects, and calculated by inputting available market information in the model at the balance sheet date.

D. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	Equity sec	curitie	es and				
	 derivative	instru	iments	Company acquisition payable			
	2023		2022		2023		2022
At January 1	\$ 76,455	\$	114,962	\$	33,709	\$	57,196
Recognised in profit or loss	2,808		-		38,074	(	28,924)
Gains and losses recognised in other comprehensive income	17,635	(	53,483)		-		_
Acquired during the year	38,895		14,976		-		-
Effect due to changes in exchange rates				(	1,852)	(	5,437)
At December 31	\$ 135,793	\$	76,455	\$	69,931	\$	22,835

- E. Treasury segment is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions and periodically reviewed.
- F. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at December 31, 2023	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 111,793	Latest transaction prices in inactive market	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Venture Fund	\$ 24,000	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Non-derivative debt instrument:					
Payable for the acquisition of a company	\$ 69,931	Depends on terms of individual contract	Achievement rate	91.10%	The higher the achievement rate, the lower the fair value
	Fair value at December 31, 2022	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 76,455	Latest transaction prices in inactive market	Not applicable	-	Not applicable

	Fair value at December 31, 2022	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative debt instrument:					
Payable for the acquisition of a company	\$ 33,709	Depends on terms of individual contract	Achievement rate	48.30%	The higher the achievement rate, the lower the fair value

# 13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

# (1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: Refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: None.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Refer to table 2.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Groups' paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 3.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 4.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: None.
- J. Significant inter-Group transactions during the reporting periods: Refer to table 5.

### (2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Refer to table 6.

### (3) Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Refer to table 7.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: None.

## (4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Refer to table 8.

# 14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

# (1) General information

The Group considers the business from a product type perspective and distinguishes the business into active pharmaceutical ingredients segment and other segments.

# (2) Measurement of segment information

The Group measured the performance of operating segment with the post-tax profit of continuing operations. The accounting policies of the operating segments are in agreement with the significant accounting policies summarised in Note 4.

# (3) <u>Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities</u>

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

# Year ended December 31, 2023

			O	ther operating				
		API		departments	_E	Elimination		Total
Revenue from external								
customers	\$	4,329,276	\$	31,172	\$	-	\$	4,360,448
Inter-segment revenue		17,015			(	17,015)		_
Total segment revenue	\$	4,346,291	\$	31,172	(\$	17,015)	\$	4,360,448
Segment income	\$	126,243	(\$	353,484)	\$	174,982	<u>(\$_</u>	52,259)
Segment income (loss), including								
Depreciation and amortisation	\$	467,454	\$	40,538	( <u>\$</u>	19,663)	\$	488,329
Income tax expense	(\$	172,788)	(\$	21,862)	\$	_	(\$	194,650)
Recognised investment profit or loss accounted for using								
equity method	\$	5,562	\$	-	\$		\$	5,562

# Year ended December 31, 2022

			Ot	ther operating				
		API	_	departments		Elimination		Total
Revenue from external								
customers	\$	3,764,189	\$	1,315	\$	-	\$	3,765,504
Inter-segment revenue		39,956			(	39,956)		
Total segment revenue	\$	3,804,145	\$	1,315	( <u>\$</u>	39,956)	\$	3,765,504
Segment income	\$	409,359	( <u>\$</u>	402,541)	\$	209,992	\$	216,810
Segment income (loss), including								
Depreciation and								
amortisation	( <u>\$</u>	449,404)	\$	39,204	\$	17,891	(\$	392,309)
Income tax expense	(\$	116,507)	\$	136	\$		(\$	116,371)
Recognised investment profit or loss accounted for using								
equity method	\$	7,587	<u>\$</u>		\$		\$	7,587

# (4) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

The post-tax profit of continuing operations reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with the revenue and expenses in the statement of comprehensive income. Amounts of total assets and total liabilities of segments are not provided to the chief operating decision—maker to make strategic decisions. There is no difference between the presentation of segment report and income statement which were provided to the chief operating decision—maker and accordingly, no reconciliation is required to be disclosed.

# (5) <u>Information on products and services</u>

	Year ended December 31,							
		2023	2022					
Cholesterol and Phosphate Binders	\$	1,575,432	\$	1,292,494				
Vit. D Derivatives		808,995		700,968				
Contract Development and								
Manufacturing Organization (CDMO)		514,714		535,512				
Respiratory Agents		478,286		357,355				
Anti-cancer active ingredients		259,627		117,277				
Anti-inflammatory and Analgesic Agents		208,368		225,977				
Others		515,026		535,921				
	\$	4,360,448	\$	3,765,504				

# (6) Geographical information

Geographical information for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	Y	ear ended Dec	emb	er 31, 2023	Year ended December 31, 2022							
			N	on-current			Non-current					
		Revenue		assets		Revenue		assets				
India	\$	1,031,114	\$	-	\$	918,782	\$	-				
Netherlands		577,197		-		377,799		-				
Japan		311,977		-		228,751		-				
Germany		306,894		-		231,162		-				
Taiwan		278,083		6,352,745		380,508		6,241,624				
China		272,568		-		220,018		-				
Switzerland		272,054		-		280,347		-				
United States		269,315		-		190,339		-				
Canada		138,024		-		208,519		-				
Others		903,222				729,279		-				
	\$	4,360,448	\$	6,352,745	\$	3,765,504	\$	6,241,624				

# (7) Major customer information

The Group had no sales to a customer accounting for more than 10% of total sales for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	Ye	ar ended Dece	ember 31, 2023	Year ended December 31, 2022						
	I	Revenue	Segment	1	Revenue	Segment				
A	\$	563,315	API	\$	377,505	API				

### Loans to others

### Year ended December 31, 2023

Table 1 Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

					Maximum												
					outstanding												
					balance during					Amount of							
				Is a	the year ended	Balance at			Nature	transactions	Reason for	Allowance	Colla	nteral	Limit on loans		
				related	December 31,	December 31,	Actual amount	Interest	of loan	with the	short-term	for doubtful			granted to a single	Ceiling on total	
No.	Creditor	Borrower	General ledger account	party	2023	2023	drawn down	rate	(Note 1)	borrower	financing	accounts	Item	Value	party	loans granted	Footnote
0	Formosa Laboratories,	Formosa Pharmaceuticals,	Other receivables due	Y	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ -	-	2	\$ -	Revolving	\$ -	None	\$ -	\$ 757,095	\$ 1,514,190	Note 2
	Inc.	Inc.	from related parties								funds						
1		Activus Pharma Co., Ltd.		Y	5,000	5,000	2,984	3.119%	2	-	Revolving	-	None	-	342,009	399,010	Note 3
	Inc.		related parties								funds						

Note 1: The column of 'Nature of loan' shall fill in 1: 'Business transaction or 2: 'Short-term financing'.

Note 2: The Company loans to others:

- (1) Ceiling of loans to individual (short-term financing) is 10% of the creditor's net asset of latest financial statements.
- (2) Total ceiling of loans to individual (short-term financing) is 20% of the creditor's net asset of latest financial statements.

Note 2: Formosa Laboratories Japan loans to others:

- (1) Ceiling of loans to individual (short-term financing) is 30% of the creditor's net asset of latest financial statements.
- (2) Total ceiling of loans to individual (short-term financing) is 35% of the creditor's net asset of latest financial statements.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

December 31, 2023

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

					As of Decen	nber 31, 2023		
Securities held by	Marketable securities	Relationship with the securiti	General ledger account	Number of shares	Carrying amount	Ownershin (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	EirGenix, Inc. common stocks	Other related party	Current/non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	18,552,818		6.06		Tooliiote
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	TOT Biopharm International Company Limited common stocks	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	5,131,100	39,715	0.66	39,715	
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	TaiRx, Inc. common stocks	Other related party	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	550,000	14,476	0.50	14,476	
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	AG Global Inc Unlisted stocks	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - noncurrent	1,041,666	-	1.33	-	
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	Oncomatryx Biopharma, S.L.common stocks	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	303,713	78,656	3.58	78,656	
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	PHARMASTAR INC.common stocks	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	500,000	15,353	20.00	15,353	
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	Hemed, Innovations Co., Ltd. common stocks	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - noncurrent	312,000	17,784	1.04	17,784	
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	Forward BioT Venture Capital	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - noncurrent	-	24,000	14.05	24,000	
Epione Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	RiTdisplay Corporation	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	10,000	975	-	975	
Epione Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	AcBel Polytech Inc. II unsecured convertible bonds	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	3,000	324	-	324	
Formosa Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Eyenovia, Inc. (EYEN) shares	None	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	487,805	27,260	1.14	27,260	

# Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Year ended December 31, 2023

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

					If the counterparty is a related party, information as to the last transaction of the real estate is disclosed below:  Reason for											
						Relationshin	Original owner who	Relationship	Date of the		Basis or reference used	acquisition of real estate and				
Real estate acquired by	Real estate acquired	Date of the event	Transaction amount	Status of payment	Counterparty	with the counterparty	sold the real estate to the counterparty	owner and the	original transaction	Amount	in setting the price	status of the real estate	Other commitments			
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	Buildings and structures	It has been obtained successively since 2023	\$ 779,771	Obtained in cash	Quanhong Construction Co., Ltd. etc.	None	-	<u>-</u>	-	\$	Price comparision and price negatlation	Expansion production line	None			

### Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

December 31, 2023

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

							Amount collected	
		Relationship	Balance as at	_	Overdue rec	ceivables	subsequent to the	Allowance for
Creditor	Counterparty	with the counterparty	December 31, 2023 (Note)	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	balance sheet date	doubtful accounts
Activus Pharma. Co., Ltd.	Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc.	Same ultimate parent	\$ 104,731	0.00 \$	-		- \$	\$ -
		company						

Note: The turnover rate is listed as 0.00 because the long-term receivables are listed in the table, so the turnover rate is not applicable.

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period

Year ended December 31, 2023

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Transaction

Number							Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	 Amount (Note 4)	Transaction terms	assets (Note 3)
0	Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc.	1	Operating revenue	\$ 17,015	Note 5	0%
0	Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc.	1	Contract liabilities	11,570	Note 5	0%
1	Activus Pharma. Co., Ltd.	Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc.	3	Other receivables	104,731	Note 6	1%

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction; for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):
  - (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
  - (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
  - (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.
- Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.
- Note 4: The aforementioned threshold of disclosure was NT\$10 million above. Aforementioned related party transactions were written-off when preparing the consolidated financial statements.
- Note 5: The transaction price and terms were based on mutual agreement.
- Note 6: Represents receivables from authorised transaction in 2018 and was based on terms from mutual agreement, and the transaction price was \$196,928. Because it was a business transfer in the Group, the profit or loss was not recognised.

### Information on investees Year ended December 31, 2023

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Investment income (loss)

Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Initial invest	Е	t amount Balance as at becember 31, 2022	Shares held  Number of shares	as at December  Ownership (%)	 2023 ook value	inv	et income of vestee for the year ended	recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2023	Footnote
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc.	Taiwan	Research and development of new biotechnology medicine	\$ 1,231,638	\$	810,811	61,487,653	45.84%	\$ 540,591	(\$	347,734) (	\$ 155,038)	
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	Epione Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Taiwan	Research and development of new biotechnology medicine	40,000		40,000	4,000,000	100.00%	13,120	1	200	200	
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	A.R.Z Taiwan Limited	Taiwan	Agency sales of raw materials and intermediates	2,716		2,716	271,620	45.00%	169	(	988) (	445)	
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	Formosa Labarotories Japan, Inc.	Japan	Agency sales of medicine and intermediates	1,105		1,105	400	40.00%	19,639		15,017	6,007	
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	Epione Investment Cayman Limited	Cayman Islands	Medicine, chemical trade and investment business	18,482		9,568	619,000	100.00%	9,334	(	5,246) (	5,246)	
Epione Investment Cayman Limited	Epione Investment HK Limited	Hong Kong	Medicine, chemical trade and investment business	16,287		7,591	544,500	100.00%	8,515	(	5,078) (	5,078)	
Formosa Pharmaceuticals Inc.	Activus Pharma. Co., Ltd.	Japan	Research and development of new biotechnology medicine	274,633		274,633	1,942	99.23%	102,007		3,902	3,788	

### Information on investments in Mainland China

Year ended December 31, 2023

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

					aı re	cumulated mount of emittance n Taiwan to	T Chi back	Caiwan to ina/Amou to Taiwa	nitted from Mainland int remitted n for the year		accumulated amount of	Net income of	Ownership	Investment income (loss recognised by the Compan	s) oy	Book value of	Accumulated amount of investment	
Investee in Mainland Chin	Main business activities	Paid-	-in capital	Investment method	N Cl	Mainland hina as of anuary 1, 2023	Rem	ed Deceminitted to ainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan	Ma	Taiwan to ainland China	investee for the year ended		for the year ended December 3	r	investments in Mainland China	income remitted	Footnote
Shanghai Epione Enterprise Co., Ltd.	e Wholesale and import and export of chemical raw materials and products and commission agency	\$	15,353	Note 1	\$	6,939	\$	8,414	\$ -	\$	15,353	(\$ 5,046)	100%	(\$ 5,04	16)	\$ 8,102		Note 2

Note 1: Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

Note 2: The investment loss for the year ended December 31, 2023 is calculated based on the Company's financial statements which were audited by independent accountants.

	Accumulated amount of	Investment amount approved by the	Ceiling on investments in			
	remittance from Taiwan to	Investment Commission of the	Mainland China imposed by			
	Mainland China as of	Ministry of Economic Affairs	the Investment Commission			
Company name	December 31, 2023 (Note 5)	(MOEA) (Note 3)	of MOEA (Note 4)			
Formosa Laboratories, Inc.	\$ 56,291	\$ 147,642	\$ 4,542,571			

Note 3: The total investment amount approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA, was USD 4,808 thousand at the exchange rate of 30.705 and translated into \$147,642.

Note 4: Ceiling on investments in Mainland China was calculated by the higher of the Company's net assets and 60% of consolidated net assets.

Note 5: The Company's accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of December 31, 2023 was \$40,938, including investment in TOT Biopharm International Company Limited.

### Major shareholders information

December 31, 2023

Table 8

		Share	es
Name of major shareholders	N	Name of shares held	Ownership (%)
CHENG, CHEN-YU	\$	7,743,848	6.43%